EVENING BULLETIN.

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TUESDAY, FEB. 2, 1858.

Quite a fluttering has recently been caused in introduced into the House by Mr. Harris, of Illinois. It proposes that, hereafter, all clerks and as awaits the orders of European monarchs, we are from actual residents of the several States and Ter- sufficient power to enforce the laws throughout our ritories, in the proportion of their representation in Congress, the District of Columbia being reckoned as one Congre sional district. When vacancies occur in any way, the head of the Department is required to select persons to fill them from applicants in the Congressional district in the county having the smallest number in office, and so on; and if there be no applicant from such district, or none qualified for the place, the representative from that district is to be notified of the fact, and, if no suitable person is recommended within thirty days, then the vacancy is to be filled by the head of the

The number of clerkships in the Executive Departments at Washington is about 1,500, and it has long been a matter of complaint that they have not been distributed by any means fairly among the States-Virginia, Maryland, and the District, for example, bearing off the lion's share. This inequality has been rendered obvious by a statement which has been prepared showing the number of incumbents from each State, together with the number of Representatives to which each is entitled. From such a comparative statement, it would be gleaned that Maine, with 6 Representatives, has 50 clerkships; New Hampshire, with 3, has 40; Massachnsetts, with 11, has 81; Rhode Island, with 2. has 15; Connecticut with 4-38; New York with 33-189; New Jersey with 5-42; Pennsylvania re with 1-19: Maryland wit 6-195; Virginia with 13-232; North Carolina with the last three years been uncommonly severe," 8-41; Sonth Carolina with 6-26; Georgia with 8-17; Alabama with 7-18; Mississippi with 5-16; Louisiana with 4-33; Ohio with 21-45; Kentncky with 10-39; Tennessee with 10-30; Indiana with 11-26; Illinois with 9-10; Missouri with 7-7; Arkansas with 2-3; Michigan with 4-11; Florida with 1-13; Texas with 2-6; Iowa with 2-3; Wisconsin with 3-7; California with 2-24; and the District of Columbia with none has

A statement like this can, of course, only approximate to the exact facts; but the figures are, probably, near enough to the truth for comparison.

Another statement has been prepared, which estimates the aggregate of Federal patronage in all offices in the Executive gift at about \$5,500,000, giving each of the 235 Representatives about \$23,-000, the District being allowed the pro rata of one Representative. According to this statement, some of the States are now receiving an excess of patronage to amounts as follows:

Maine \$88,000, New Hampshire \$10,000, Massa chusetts \$122,000, Rhode Island \$3,000, New York \$282,000, Delaware \$3,000, Maryland \$143,000, Louisiana \$175,000, Arkansas \$8,000, Michigan \$8,000, Florida \$54,000, Texas \$35,000, Iowa \$31,-000, Wisconsin \$2,000, California \$444,000, District of Columbia \$337,000.

On the other hand, per contra, some States are receiving less patronage than they are entitled to, as

Vermont \$41,000, Connecticut \$20,000, New Jersey \$23,000, Pennsylvania \$125,000, Virginia \$44,-000, North Carolina \$116,000, South Carolina \$31,-000, Georgia \$127,000, Alabama \$70,000, Mississippi \$73,000, Ohio \$363,000, Kentucky \$166,000, Tennessee \$179,000, Indiana \$180,000, Illinois \$138,000, Missouri \$128,000.

Still another statement has been prepared, showare-wonderful to tell!-in receipt of about \$100,-000 more than those which voted for him!

Late in the last session of the last Congress, a ris may be improved, from the fact that by a man pleasant and profitable to him.

jority of a hundred a motion to lay it on the table failed, and that it was referred to a select committee. It may fail in the Senate, but will, probably, become a law. The President is said to favor it. In making up the "Blue Book," just published, special pains were taken to get the actual residence of each incumbent when appointed to office. Should Mr. Harris's bill become a law, it will extend to the Representatives of States opposed to the Administration some voice in filling clarkships, and the provision may win their votes for it. Under existing arrangements and positions, how many clerkships in the Executive departments could all the Representatives of all New England obtain?

MINNESOTA .- Mr. Douglas's bill for the admission of Minnesota into the Union as a State, reported to the Senate on Tuesday last, provides that Minnesota shall be admitted into the Union on equal footing with the original States, in all respects whatever. It also provides that the State shall be entitled to one representative in Congress, and such additional representatives as the population shall show that they are entitled to, according to the present rates of representation, leaving the House to ascertain the number when the full returns of the census shall be received, presuming that the residne of returns will be received by the time that the bill shall become a law. So far as ascertained, the population is 136,-461; there being seven entire counties and a part of another to hear from.

There is likely to be a good deal of delay in the passage of this bill, in consequence of the absence of the signatures of more than half the members of the convention from the copy of the constitution presented to Congress, and also from some uncertainty respecting the right of the new State to three Representatives, the number she has sent on to Washington, and perhaps on other accounts beside. To be sure, the strongest of these leasons is not insurmountable, but the weakest affords an effectual rallying point to faction. All things considered, it would not be astonishing if Minnesota should be held ontside of the Union for another year.

THE INCREASE OF THE ARMY .- The bill now under consideration in the United States Senate providing for an increase of our national military establishment, is strongly opposed. There seems to be a determination upon the part of Senators from both sections of the Union to defeat any proposition to place our army upon a more efficient footthe Executive Departments at Washington by a bill ing. Without the smallest inclination to see the republic burdened with such a large military force messengers in the Departments shall be appointed anxious that the Federal government shall have territories. That the present establishment is unequal for that paramount duty is evident, to our humiliation. What regular troops we have are overworked by the growing necessities of the service upon our frontiers. A temporary force of volunteers might serve for the reduction of the rebellious Mormons, but it would have been far better for the prestige of this government, if, when the first defiant note was heard at Salt Lake, an ample force of regulars had been ready to assert the supremacy of our national laws and punish the guilty without delay. The emergencies of the time demand that Senators should rise superior to all factious considerations, and recognize the imperative necessity of giving the Federal Government power to compel

> A St. Louis contemporary, commenting on the weather, says:

Nobody here need be told that the winters in this region have for the last three years been uncommonly severe, and that the summers have been inclement.
markably mild as the winters have been inclement.
Such a fact oversets the theory that the temperature is so distributed throughout a term of twelve or eighteen months, that there is about the same amount of heat and cold during each successive pe-riod. The experience of the last three years is no warrant that the great deficiency of warmth in win-ter will be made up by as great an excess of heat the next snmmer.

We really don't see why it is not, as far as it goes. The fact that "the winters in this region have for whilst "the summers have been as remarkably mild And the dew-drops of giory besprinked each fold, as the winters have been inclement," so far from As the starlight was gleaming through tresses of gold. oversetting the theory of the equal distribution of Ot how fonding I prayed that we never might part, temperature within equal period; gives, it seems As I prest her all trembling with biss to my heart! to us, rather singular confirmation to it. We say nothing about the accuracy of the theory, but if "the experience of the last three years," as described by our contemporary, isn't directly and favorably in point, we think it would puzzle him or anybody else to find an "experience" that is.

A Washington letter says that the scheme of colonization sketched by Hon. Eli Thayer in his speech in the Honse is not a dreamy speculation but a reality. Measures of the most practical kind have been already adopted for carrying it out. An association has been formed for colonizing Nicaragna with industrions Americans, not fighters, but workers. It is stated that Hon. E. Corning, of Albany, has consented to accept the chairmanship or presidency of the association; that several thousand applications have been made for passage to Central America under the anspices of the company, and that the minister from Nicaragua, Gen. Irizarri, has signified his approval of the enterprise. What Nicaragua wants is men of the Enropean race who will renovate her civilization, and who will respect her

It is proposed to test whether the high lands of Central America can be cultivated by free white labor; whether sugar, cocoa, and coffee can be profitably produced within the tropics by white men. If they can be, the problem of the Americanization of the great region between Mexico and Darien may be considered solved. Those States will, at the proper period, apply for admission to the Union.

OLIVER LUCAS, Esq -This gentleman, who has been connected with the several dailies in this city as local editor and correspondent, has taken charge ing that the States which voted against Buchanan of the local department of the Memphis Avalanche. a new Democratic paper recently started in that city. Mr. Lucas is a vigorous and graphic writer, and, in the particular branch which he has nuderhill like that of Mr. Harris's was introduced in the taken, has no superior. He has a thorough knowl-House and met with favor. In the Senate a similar edge of all the minutize of a daily paper. The measure was introduced and pressed by Mr. Brown Avalanche may congratulate itself on so valuable of Mississippi, but failed, perhaps for lack of time. an accession to its editorial corps as Mr. L, and we The sentiment of the House on the bill of Mr. Har- hope that his connection with it will prove both

(For the Louisville Bulletin.) GOLD ISLAND.

BY FRANK MYRTLE.

All nature was silent in death-like repose, The falries had crept in the beart of the ros And the tears of the night were on meadow in I hill (She was weeping because she was lone; and chill), And were sparkling and bright for the most was on his And the stars were as diamonds set in the sky, w. When I crept from my room to inhale the fresh air, And to muse on the scene so bewitchingly fair.

My soul was all tremulous with its delight, As I mused on the scene in the stillness of night, And my fancy was roving o'er present and past, When a shadow my beautiful vision o'ercase, And I sigbed for a bome in some far distant sphere Where a poet might realize all he dreams here, When a murinur arose from the wood and the stream And my soul was entranced lu a glorious dream.

There was one by my slde like an angel of old. His eyes were as fire, his tres es were gold, And his voice was as soft as the whispering breeze That is laden with spices from over the seas; His robe was a rainbow besprinkled with stars And his chariot and coursers as brilliant as Mars, So bewild'ring my senses with glory so near, That I gazed with delight and yet trembled with fear,

He saw my confusion and Instantly smiled, When my heart was in raptures surpassing, wild, Then he said..." I was passing and heard you complain That the pleasures of earth were so transient and vain That you sighed for a nome in some far distant sphere, Where a poet might realize al he dreams here And I came to conduct you to a world you will deem More lovely by far thau a poet's wild dream."

Then he snoke to his coursers and case me his hand. And we sped like a meteor o'er ocean and i and, Till forest and ocean were mingled in one, And shone like a pearl in the rays of the sun; I looked earthward again, it was only a star, And paier it grew as it glimmered afar, And I wondered a planet as wicked as this

Before us lay Mars with his deep rudy light, But we left him at least ten degrees to the right, For I learned from my guide that the cause of his hue Was the sunlight essaying to force its way through Dense masses of vapor, like pillars of smoke In which the bright rays were discolored and broke, And I cared not to enter, so onward we prest To a world that could offer both pleasure and rest.

And illumined our pathway for many a mile. And far to the left we discovered three more, Which had never been seen by a mortal before; It was thought they were fragments of one mighty sphere Which was broken to pleces, but how was not clear; But I learned from my guide they were made as they are. And that each, in his orbit, at first was a star.

Our coursers sped on as I took a survey Of the beautiful worlds that illumined our way-There was Jupiter near us and myriads more, Lying far in the distance not dreamed of before But here faturn was near us, and there I would land, So my guide gave the signal by waving his hand, Which was seen and returned, when they lowered their

The inhabitants viewed me, at first, with surprise, And were anxious to know why I came in disguise.

But they soon were informed of the place of my birth, And that wings were not worn by the people of earth; When they said they remembered, long since, from that That Elljah and Enoch once made thente. evil,

And their names were recorded, but so long it had been

They expected no other would ever be seen. They conducted us then to a fragrant bower On the outermost ring, where we talked for an hour About our planet and then of their riugs, When our coursers directed their fiery wings

To Hesperides straight, where the poets reside In a planet astronomers never discried, But le known to the angels, wherever they roam. I believe, as "Gold Island," the poet's wild home. We arrived there at length, it was truly sublime.

The perfection of beauty was there in its prime; In the forest and flower, the mead and the rill, In the song of the bird, in the valley and hill, Perfection, I'm sure, could find nothing amiss, 'Twas an island of gold in an ocean of bliss, And a beautiful being now welcomed me in, More giorlous than auy I ever had seen.

Each wing was a ralubow, each hair a gold thread, And a wreath of bright stars formed a crown for her head; Her radiant face was surpassingly fair, Her raiment was brilliaut an I sparkied afar, For each fold was retalued in its place with a star,

It was Ella, sweet Ella, for whom I had sighed For many a wearisome year since she died; But my bliss was so great in the midst of these charms, With my long missing Ella once more in my arms. That I woke and heard naught but the murmuring stream And I wept when I found it was only a dream.

One of the Admirals of the Ottoman navy named Mehemet Pasha, accompanied by four other functionaries, is on his way to the United States. via France and England, with a view of constructing a three-decker for the Sultan. This ship is to be built and her guns made for her in the United States, and when finished a steam 74 or frigate will be sent hence for her. The Pasha is a fine looking man, and will make a favorable impression in the United States. It is supposed that the ship will be bnilt in New York.

SMIDT & Co.'s TOBACCO CIRUULAR .- These gentlemen have issued with their monthly circular, a sliding scale, showing at a glance the fluctuations of prices of Kentncky tobacco in this market for each month for the past seven years. It is beautifully got'en up. It was lithographed by Hart, Mapother, & Co., of this city. We see from it that prices of tobacco were as low in 1852 and 1854 as they now are.

A lawyer who went from Fort Wayne to Leconier, the other day, to endeavor to obtain the release of the men lately arrested in that place on a charge of counterfeiting, was looked on as an accomplice, and was arrested and confined with his snpposed confederates. After two or three days imprisonment, he was liberted, and glad to get off with unstreatched neck. The number of countefeiters arrested by the people is twenty-eight.

A SEDUCER SHOT .- A Mr. Hardesty, residing in Boone county, Ky., shot a neighbor Saturday night, killing him instantly. Our informant was unable to give the name of the deceased. It is alleged that Mr. Hardesty was provoked to the deed by the seduction of a member of his family by the deceased.

A bill has passed the Alabama Legislature providing for annual sessions of that body.

RIVER AND STEAMBOAT MATTERS.

The river was still falling yesterlay, but we may reasonably anticipate a speedy rise from the quantity of snow and rain which has fallen during the last twenty-four hours. Last evening there were 7 feet 3 inches water in the canal by the mark. The ground was covered with snow to the depth of an inch yesterday morning. The rain soon made it disappear.

For New Orleans .- We need only mention that the Dians, Capt. Sturgeon, will leave for New Orleans to-day. The D. is nnsurpassed in elegance of accommodations. Capt. Sturgeon, Mr. Smith, Mr. Forsee, and Mr. Thompson are all model officers in their respective spheres.

The E. II. Fairchild will arrive to-day and leave for New Orleans to-morrow evening.

For Memphis -The Southerner is the packet for Memphis this evening. The S. and her officers stand deservedly high in public estimation. She has pleasant and finely furnished cabins and every appointment to render a trip luxurious. Capt. Triplett commands and Mr. J. B. Archer is the chief

We are indehted to Messrs. Frank. Smith and McMichael for late Memphis papers and copies of the manifest and memorandum.

For St. Louis.-Those going to St. Louis and the West will bear in mind that the splendid steamer J. H. Dickey, Capt. Able, will leave for the headwaters of the Missouri river to-day. The Dickey is a bran new boat, and has spacious and elegantly furnished cabins. Mr. J. K. Moody, a gentleman favorably known to all hereabouts, has charge of her

The Telegraph No. 3 is the mailboat for Cincinnati, and the Emma Dean is the Carrollton packet.

The St. Lonis Republican of Sunday says:

The river at this point was stationary yesterday. There is full eight feet in the channel out to Cairo We have no news of importance from any of the up-per rivers. There is four feet in the channel of the Missouri to St. Joseph; five feet in the channel of the Illinois, and five feet in the Mississippi to Keokuk. Business was rather lively on the levee yesterday, and the City of Memphis and Planet left for New Orleans with good cargoes. The Cremona left for Keokuk and the Sioux City for the Missouri river with an excellent trip of freight and people. The Sam Young and Progress departed for the Illinois river, and the Martha Putnam for the Ohio.

Dr. Mackay.-Dr. Mackay's lecture in the Maonic Temple last night excited deep admiration. and was received throughout with loud and warm applause. It is indeed a vigorous and beautiful production. Graceful and impressive as a whole it rises not unfrequently to eloquence and poetry Especially is this true of the part dedicated to the defence of the song-writer, which, we need not say alounds in thoughts of striking beauty and felicity. The poet vindicates his craft almost as nobly by precept as he does by example.

Dr. Mackay's delivery, if sometimes lacking in spirit, is always intelligible, and nearly always pleasing. The quiet ease of his manner comports well with the dignity and grace of his matter. Altogether his lecture was a marked success. It did not rudely dissipate or dissipate at all the bright ileal Mackay of the audience.

The distinguished poet concluded his lecture, as is his wont, by reciting two original poems. The first, entitled The Primrose, and founded on a touching incident in Australia, which he related, is, we think,

as exquisite as anything he has produced. The other poem, which we have seen in the newspapers, is very charming. The reading of these two fine poems, which, by the way, was done excellently, elicited the most rapturons applause. Dr. Mackay leaves for St. Louis this morning.

He is accompanied in his Western and Sonthern tour by Col. Fuller, the gifted, genial, and versatile editor of the New York Mirror. We hope the staid people of the prairies and the proud ones of the savannas will think none the less of Dr. Mackay for traveling over the country with so dashing and brilliant a creature as "Belle Brittain."

THE UTAH EXPEDITION.—It is reported, says the New York Sun, that the last official advices from the Utah expedition are so discouraging that the Secretary of War refuses to allow them to be made Whether this report be true or not, it is certain that the expedition suffered severely during the latter part of its march to Fort Bridger, and that its condition there is such as to excite the utmost anxiety for its preservation during the winter. The Mormons, it is well ascertained are determined upon offering a stubborn resistance to the advance of the troops into Salt Lake Valley; and this determination will prohably compel the expedition to pass the whole winter in the monntains, with but poor protection from the severity of the weather. We hope that Government will employ all its energies in forwarding, at the earliest possible time, succor and reninforcements. When does Gen. Scott start for the Pacific?

JEFFERSONVILLE FERRY. - Mr. Mayburry, the superintendent of the ferry, called on us yesterday, and stated that he is determined hereafter to give every facility to the railroad passengers and the public in crossing the river. The cause of the ferry boat not crossing on Friday night was that the passengers, of whom there were only five, did not show a disposition to wait until steam could be raised on the boat.

SINGULAR CASE. - A muletto slave was arreste at the town of Brurswick, in this State, on the 11th inst. under rather peculiar circumstances. The boy is the property of a Mr. Ruggles, of Alabama, and ran off from his master about six years ago. He made his way to Pittshurg, Pa., where, assuming the name of Geo. W. Ferris, he passed himself of as a white man. This he was enabled to do the more readily because his complexion betrays his African extraction only on the closest scrutiny. Being a superior hricklayer, he cnt quite a flourish at Pittsburg, and, it is alleged, actually married a white woman in that city.

It seems, however, that a gentleman who had emigrated to Pittsburg from Alabama soon after George's arrival, saw and recognized him through all at the town of Brunswick, in this State, on the 11th

omigrated to Pittsburg from Alabama soon after George's arrival, saw and recognized him through all his disguise. He at once resolved to restore him to his master if possible; but knowing the difficulty of capturing a fugitive of that description in Pittsburg, concluded to wait until he could take "snap judgment on the aspiring darkey. When, therefore, about three months ago, George, emboldened by his success at "playing white" and losing all fear of detection, actually emigrated to Brunswick, Mo, it was not long before information was conveyed to Alabama.—Lexington (Mo) Express.

A NOTHER APPRENTICE WANTED AT HAYES, CRAIG, & CO.'S.

The New York Express has the following leter from Washington, dated on Friday;

Minnesota and Kansas - The Selate adjourned over for the week rather than take np the Minneso-a hill, which was warmly pressed by Senator Dong-as, chairman of the Committee on Territories. The las, chairman of the Committee on Territories. The bill looks to the admission of Minnesota at once. Her constitution is here, signed by every member of the convention, Republican and American. Her Senators are also here, and their rights so far nullified by the voice of Cougress. The delay is caused by the disposition to put Kunsas and the Lecompton constitution through at the same time. This is resurted as an outrage by Douglas, Shields, and many from the West and North. So nutenable a position will have to be abandoned.

The Lecompton constitution will go into Congress.

The Lecompton constitution will go into Congress, if not at once, early next week. It is the Pandora box. The President is persistent and obstinate again, after a little faltering last week. He wants Lecompton to begin with, and holds that, after that, the people may wisely be left to themselves. The recent violence, and the official attempts to sustain it, has,

people may wisely be left to themselves. The recent violence, and the official attempts to sustain it, has, meanwhile, only intensified the opposition.

The army bill received a double blow yesterday, first from Toomhs of Georgia, acting in conjunction with Hunter of Virginia, who is understood to be opposed to any permanent increase; and also from the American and Republic n side of the Chamber. Mr. Bell gave the bill and system proposed a very heavy blow. Mr. Fessenden of Maine, also. The four regiments increase is dead. So the increase of rank and file, and of companies, in the hill of the military committee, except as a temporary expedient. The new recruits must he abandoned after the war is over; and many here favor only voidnteers, reised by the States, for the temporary nes required. Militions of Government patronage depends upon the plan formally to be agreed upon, and hence the strength of the jobbing lobby.

The deficiency hill got through the Committee of the Whole to-day. It will pass at once, and go to the Senate—and, in some three weeks, the \$700,000 for paper, binding, and printing will probably be paid.

The United States force now in Utah numbers

paid.

The United States force now in Utah numbers 5,600 men, and from this side no more troops will be sent. Captain Marcy has gone to New Mexico, however, to purchase all the mules which can be bought, to t e number of 1,000, for transportation

purposes.

General Scott.—The purpose of Congress as demonstrated in the vote of the Senate not to add five new regiments to the army, is the cause of the re-linquishment of the purpose of the War Depart-ment not to send the General to California. Until it is known what Congress will do, the Administra-tion will do nothing more than to sustain its present

Cost of War in Utah -The contract with Russell & Mayor, of Missouri, for transportation, embraces such items as \$42 a barrel for flour delivered at Salt Lake from Fort Leavenworth, and with an insurance

AFFAIRS IN WASHINGTON. [Special Correspondence of the Louisville Journal.] Washington, Jan. 27, 1858. Gov. Foote—An Incident at an Evening Party-Wes-tern Improvements, &c.

Everybody has heard of Gov. Foote, Ex-Senator differ from him in opinior! He was a terrible fellow during the discussion of the compromise measures of 1850. But time has softened his a perity; and, as a case in point, it may here be mentioned that he has waited upon Senator Seward, and acknowledged that he did him injustice, and begged his pardon. "Honest confession," in this instance, may "be good for the soul" for the soul."

The Ex-Senator, or Governor, or General (what-

The Ex-Senator, or Governor, or General (whatever may be his honorary title now-a-days) was
among the gnests, recently, at Secretary Cass's party. The latter took great pleasure, during the evening, to show his many and valuable pictures, tent
to him from home by his son, the present Minister to
the Holy Se "Here is a very fine painting," remarked the General Secretary, "it is that of Thomas a "Becket, said to be two hundred years old—a
very fine painting, indeed." The distinguished
guests took a nearer view, and the imperfect in vistion put on their glasses: and all had a good, long. ion put on their glasses; and all had a good, long, earnest look at the picture. The Secretary asked whether it did not resemble Robert J. Walker, and received a response in the affirmative. Then spoke the formerly valiant Foore. "Allow me," said he, while his bald head seemed to glow with the polished ideas and humning wisdom within "tio draw a parawhile his baid head seemed to glow with the poising ed ideas and burning wisdom within, "to draw a parallel. Admit that Walker resembles a Becket. Now, I wish to say that as those who slanghtered Becket were overwhelmed, so will the slayers of Walker meet a just retribution!" Secretary Cass shrugged his shoulders, and the entire cluster found it convenient to separate one portion of its reflect moon nient to separate; one portion of it to reflect upor the "parallel;" and the other to enjoy the luxury of Gov. Foote's "hit" at the conduct of the administration against Ex-Gov. Robert J. Walker. I have the incident from a distinguished gentleman who was present on the interesting occasion. Foote could not have meant that Walker's hones.

Foote could not have meant that Walker's hones, ike those of the Archbishop, will be "enshrined in gold and set with jewely," and afterward hurned.

Notwithstanding the "strict constructionists" oppose river and harbor improvements, such things have ceased to be tests of party fealty in the Democratic ranks. Senator Pugh, of Ohio, has given notice of his intention to introduce a bill for the protection of vessels engaged in the navigation of Lake Erie, and a bill to authorize the States of Virginia, Pennsylvania, Kentncky, Onio, Indiana, and Illinois to enter into agreement or compact between themselves, and with other States interested in the navigation of the Ohio river and its tributaries for the improvement of such navigation, and to levy duties on tonnage for that purpose. The "straight-laced" are opposed to appropria-

tions from the Treasury for river or harbor improve-ments, while they find in the Constitution of the United States a warrant for protecting the soil of a foreign country. .

[For the Lonisville Journal.]

At a meeting of the friends of the late John Raine, Esq, the polite and accomplished landlord of the Galt Honse, in the city of Louisville, held at the Louisville Hotel on Monday evening at 7 o'clock, Mr. J. G. Bledsoe was called to the Chair and H. A. Stealey appointed Secretary.

The following tribute was unanimously passed by the hotel keepers of the city.

the hotel keepers of the city:

Resolved, That in the death of John Raine, Esq., proprietor of the Galt House, the city of Lonisville has lost a valuable citizer, the public a warm and generous friend; and the announcement will be received with unaffected grief by his numerons friends throughout the nation. throughout the nation.

Resolved, That we unite in the deep gloom and sorrow thrown over our whole community by this dispensation, and hereby extend our sympathies to

repensation, and nerely extend our sympathies to the family and relatives of the deceased.

Resolved, That the foregoing resolutions are requested to be published in the Louisville Journal, Democrat, and Conrier, and that a copy be sent to the family of the deceased.

United States Hotel—J. G. Blenwe & B.B. Hall, National Hotel—M. M. Neal & W. M. Rice.

Exchange Hotel—L. Copies

Autonal Hotel—M. M. Neal & W. H. Rice.
Exchange Hotel—J. Combs.
Owen's Hotel—W. W. Owen.
Falls City Hotel—James Stephens.
Louisville Hotel—S. Stedman, M. Kean, Philip udge. Wm. Bishop.

J. G. BLEDSUE, Chairman. H. A. STEALEY, Secretary.

LADIES' RIDING HATS, new styles, just received at pratter, SMITH, & CO.'S,

TUESDAY EVENING, FEB. 2, 1858.

Washington Reports -The Administration are in posses ion of highly important information relative to Menican offairs, and also respecting the Affection of Caba and Spain is regard to Mexico. The ex. ing convulsion in Mexico will probably result it disintegration. For a long time it has been in contemplation by Mexican leaders to separate the northern provinces of Mexico from the central government and establish the independent republic of Sierra Madre. The present Governor of Monterey, General Vidauni, a very able and vigorous man, bas, it is said, cherished this scheme, and the present is a fit time for carrying it out. If Spain should persist in hostilities against Mexice, it will tend to complicate the whole matter, as far as the United States are concerned. The present Minister of the United States is about to return, having asked and received leave. What may be the policy of the Administration in regard to Mexico is unknown, for in his annual message the President was entirely silent on the subject.

Gen. Scott, according to some statements, has postponed, and, according to others, has reconsidered his purpose of going to California, and the project is definitely relicquished. The intention was predicated on the expectation of Congress authorizing the increase of regiments asked for by the Presideat, so that the force on the Atlantic might be transferred to the Pacific, the vacuum being supplied by new levies. The adverse indications by the vote in the Senate on Friday and the sentiment of the House led to the abandonment of the policy.

The receipts from customs do not materially increase, ranging in New York from \$200,000 to \$300,-000 per week. The government obligations are now chiefly discharged in paper money, Treasury notes. It will not be difficult to get off in this way the six millions of dollars already printed. Three per cent. however is a very small interest, and some difficulty is found in calculating it. It is suggested to adopt a simpler mode, and to make the interest one cent a day on each \$100 note, and in proportion for those of larger denominations.

ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH .- A letter from George Saward, Esq., secretary of the Atlantic Telegraph Company, dated London, Jan. 15, says: "Our arrangements here for the completion of the work we have in hand are progressing satisfactorily, and I trust and believe that our next attempt will be crowned with success. The machinery is being overhauled under the direction of British and American engineers, and experiments will be carefully tried before sailing next time, with a view to meet every known and anticipated difficulty. The British Government has again granted us the use of ships, and the manufacture of new cable to supply the place of that which was lost is going on satisfactorily. It is at present intended to take out 2,800 miles of cable, being forty-five miles more than was thought sufficient last time."

NEBRASKA LEGISLATURE.—The Nebraska Legislature have enlivened their proceedings by expelling Mr. Robertson, of the Omaha Nebraskian, from the hall where he was acting as reporter. He has, it seems, reviewed the political history of some of the members. One of the gravest charges against him was calling one of the members "a small ro-

We understand that the Florence fragment of the Legislature adjourned on the 17th, upon the arrival of Gev. Richardson-the other wing, at Omaha, is probably still in session.

SIR COLIN CAMPBELL'S ESCAPE.—The Rev. Dr. Duff, in his last letter from India, mentions the following remarkable escape of Sir Colin Campbell on his march to the relief of Lucknow:

Sir Colin and his staff, unaccompanied by any escort, in the neighborhood of the river Saone, came suddenly on two companies of the mutiuied 32d, who had recently killed their own officers. They were then in the act of crossing the trunk road, with fourteen elephants, two guns, and a small body of sowars, or irregular native cavalry. Sir Colin's garry, or traveling carriage, was ahead of all the others; and although the native coachman warned him of the danger, he still pushed on, till an aid-dccamp directed his attention to the mutineers crossing the road at a distance of not more than 500

At first the chief would not go back, but got on the top of his garry with a glass; and only when he saw some cavalry sent to cut off his retreat did he this k it proper to the. Had they been a few hundred yards further on, the whole party must have been cut off to a mau, since, having no escort, the pdds opposed to them was so tremendous as to render offsteal resistance impossible. As it was their der effectual resistance impossible. As it was, their coming up with such apparent boldness, so very near to the rebels, evidently soon impressed the latter with the conviction that Sir Colin and his party formed only the advance guard of an aveng-ing column; and so, after a little hesitation, they made off as fast as they could, elephants, guns, and all, while Sir Colin and his staff instantly turned back and retraced their steps for ten miles, till they came up with a bnllock-train party of soldiers. What a narrow escape! What a providential interposition! A few minutes sconer, and the brack Sir Colin, with his whole staff, would have been ignominiously butchered.

THE KOSSUTH FAMILY IN AMERICA,-A writer in the New York Jonrnal of Commerce, speaking of the Kossuth family in the United States, says:

The daughters of the admirable Madame Meslen-vi, the Nightingale of the Hungarian war hospitals, have been most generously cared for by Mrs. Cru-ger, of our city, and, under superior teachers, have grown up to sensible and accomplished womanhood, such as would have rejoiced the spirit of their departed inother, who exclaimed on her death-bed that she could now expire in peace, since her chil-dren would be in a better condition than if she had

Friends of Mad. Zulovsky have purchased for her a ittle farm in New Jersey, where she lives in con-fert with her two youngest children. Her second son is quite distinguished as a civil engineer in the

West.

The gentle, discreet, and accomplished Madame Ruttpay has established a boarding-school for young ladies at Cornwall, near Newburg, which promises to be highly successful. Her eldest son, a graduate of Union College, is in the engineer department of the navy-yard at Brooklyn; the second is in the navy agency at New York. They are gentlemanly, unxceptionable young men.

CAPT. JOHN TRAVIS .- Porter's Spirit of the Times has the following complimentary notice of this gen-

John Travis has established an "institution" at Louisville, Ky., in which to "teach the young idea how to shoot"—pistols. We hear that his gallery is patronized by the most respectable members of the community. He has also established galleries at New Orleans and St. Louis, and will probably open one here in the spring. Having no superior, if he has an equal in this country, it would not be a bad speculation to send him to Europe. There is no more chance of his breaking down, or being badly ridden, or dying suddenly of colic, like our American horses in England, than there is of his being struck by lightning. John Travis has established an "institution"

APPALLING ACCIDENT-A Man Slowly Roasted One of the most shocking accidents it has ever been our lot to record occurred two days since at Mountain Asb, South Wales, to a man named David Thomas, who earned his brend as a lime burner at some lime kilns bel nging to the Navigation Coal Company. Having drawn the lower part of the kiln and got out about a cartbag of lime, he thought that the burning stowage on the top of the perfected lime did not ng stones on the top of the perfected lime did not be seard as they ought, and he asked his wife, who happened to be with him at the time, if she would

o to the top of the kiln, and inform him whether nev had sunk or not. The wife went to the top as requested, and seeing that the stones had not sunk, but still preserved a level surface, she called out, "they have not moved a bit." He joined her at the kiln, and, taking up a long iron bar which was kept there for the purpose of thrusting among the stones when any hitch occurred, he went toward the mouth of the kiln. His wife begged him to keep back from so dangerous a position, at the same time reminding him that if the stones should hip he would be drawn with them into the kiln. He said, "Oh, never fear; I will take care of that;" and, disregarding his wife's repeated supplication, he stepped forward to the top of the kiln, and commenced thrusting at the stones with his iron har.

For a few mements the mass remained firm and For a few incements the mass remained nrm and resisted his attempts to disturb it; but, upon his increasing the violence of his thrusts, they began to descend, and, as his unbappy wife had predicted, to deraw him with them. As he descended slowly, the fiery stones closed around him, until at length the lower part of his body became completely embedded in the burning mass. This shrieks were heart-piercing, and his agocized wife endeavored to pull him out. The state of the kiln made this a contract of the kiln made this account. difficulty and of the greatest danger, and when at length she did seize his hand and endeavored to drag him out, she found to her horror that the burnt flesh yielded to her touch and come off in pieces, rendering it impossible for her to obtain any hold.

The horrors of her situation can be better imag ined than described. At length her cries attracted the alterlion of a number of men who were standing near an adjacent colliery, and who lost no time in near an adjacent colliery, and who lost no time in repairing to the spot, in the hope of being able to render some assistance. It happened that one of Mr. Crawshay's boats was passing at the time, and the boatman having laid-to to gaze at the accident, a man named Hobbs run to the boat, seized the boat rope, returned with it to the top of the kiln, and was preparing to throw it around the hody.

whe boat rope, returned with it to the top of the kiln, and was preparing to throw it around the body of the unhappy Thomas, who was still slowly buruing and writhing in the most intense agony, when the boatman, David Jeukins, ran after him and took away the rope, saying it was useless to burn it, as he coull le: them have an old one!

He deliberately walked back to the boat, leaving the poor sufferer in the midst of the fire, picked out an old piece of rope, threw it to the men on abore, and then went off with his boat, without attempting to offer the slightest assistance. Hobbs, and one or two others, at length contrived to throw the rope to offer the slightest assistance. Hobbs, and one or two others, at length contrived to throw the rope around the poor sufferer's body; but, alas! they found that they could not succeed in getting him out. At length some one suggested that an iron bar should be placed under him to lift him out. This was done, and the frightfully charred body of the still living man, some portions of which had been literally burned to cinder, was got out. Of course human strength could not survive such suffering, and he died.

FUETHER CRUELTY TO THE PETERS NEGRO GERL. On Saturday evening last, about eight o'clock, Officer Quigley arrested on the levee, between Locust and Olive streets, a naked negro girl, about twenty years of age. Her appearance gave evidence that she had been badly beaten. Her back was covered with freeh and bloody string into which said and with fresh and bloody stripes, into which salt and flour had been sprinkled to dry them np and prevent suppuration. The officer took her to the police office, where she was furnished with an old blanket to cover her nakedness and wounds. She belonged to Mrs. L. l'eters, living on Sixth street, between Franklin avenue and Wash street. She said she had been terribly whipped, and that she was trying to escape from her cruel mistress.

This is the same girl, we believe, whose brutal treatment was recently made the subject of indicial investigation before the criminal court of this city, which resulted in a verdict against Mr. and Mrs. Peters, of \$1,000 fine and one year's imprisonment for each, from which judgment they appealed, and are now under loads of \$2,000 each. Since that time they have continued to abuse the girl with as much barbar ty as before. The neighbors say that, to keep outsiders from witnessing further cruelties, the cracks of the fence surrounding the yard have been nailed up, and that the girl is now taken down into the cellar out of sight, where she is subjected to punishments and torments equal to any she has previously endured.

By some means she escaped the house, and was

looking out doubtless for some chance to get across the river when arrested. We understand from the Anzieger that some of our more benevolent Germans have taken the matter in hand with the intention of raising the necessary money to purchase the poor creature from her present owners. Public opinion is said to be setting so strongly against them that they will be compelled to give her up if her value in money is offered them.

St. Louis Democrat. DEATH OF MAJOR JOHN P. GAINES .- Late ad-

John P. Gaines, ex-Governor of that Territory.

Major Gaines was formerly a citizen of Boone county, Ky. When war was declared to exist with Mexico, he was among the first to volunteer his sern Oregon apprise us of the death of Major vices to his country. He was commissioned a Ma-jor, and with his command promptly proceeded to the scene of strife. Under circumstances which do not reflect even a shadow upon his sagacity or cour-age, he was taken prisoner by the enemy, and only released in time to share in the closing brilliant ex-ploits of the army under Scott.

released in time to share in the closing brilliant exploits of the army under Scott.

In 1847, while absent in Mexico, he was elected to Congress from this (the tenth) district. He served two sessions. In 1850, President Fillmore tendered him the Governorship of Oregon. If a accepted the office, and at once made his arrangements to proceed with his family to the scene of his duties. From that time the record of his private life is a mournful one. On the voyage to his new home two lovely and accomplished daughters fell victims to the yellow fever. Not long after his arrival in Oregon he was doomed to encounter the heaviest of all afflictions to which man is subject—the sudden death afflictions to which man is subject—the sudden death of a faithful wife. This stnnning event was speedily followed by the death of his son Richard, a young gentleman of engaging manners and great promise. And now the sad record is closed by the announcement of his own decease.

Covington Journal.

THE WINTER TWENTY YEARS AGO .- We have noticed many comparisons between the years 1837-8 and 1857-8 in financial and monetary matters, but more can be presented in regard to the season. It more can be presented in regard to the season. It was then, as now, feared that the winter would much increase the physical suffering among the poorer classes; but the evil was averted by a winter as mild and as pleasant as the present one. Fuel and provisions, such as coal, wood, and flour, fell in price. The records inform us that the month of December, 1837, was very mild and open, no frost in the ground; Christmas pleasant and warm, and so continning until the end of the year.—No snow for sleighing, except on the 10th and 11th of December, and then for but a short time. Janary 1838, twenty years ago, was a remarkable of December, and then for but a short time. January, 1838, twenty years ago, was a remarkable winter month; the weather, excepting the last two days, was nearly as mild as an Indian summer. No snow fell during the month, the thermometer averaging at 2 P. M. at forty degrees through the month; and the succeeding months contradicted many wise remarks, such as we often hear, that "a many wise remarks, such as we often hear, that "a warm winter brings a cold spring," "winter never rots in the sky," &c. I ebruary was cold, with little snow, there being fourteen clear days. March had but two snow-storms and much mud. April was variable, but the temperature averaging a few degrees above that of January. The Hudson river opened and closed three times during the season, the last opening being about the 18th of March. Other rivers opened about the same time.

Boston Truns.ript.

Boston Trans:ript. An old offender was lately brought before a learned justice of the peace. The constable, as a preliminary, informed his worship that be had in custody John Simmons, altas Jones, altas Smith. "Very well," said the magistrate, "I will try the two women firs"; bring in Alice Jones." [For the tw mlng Bulletin.]

SHAMEFUL NEGLICT .- An awful scene was pre SHAHFFUL AFGLECT.—An awful scene was presented this morning to the numerous passers-by—a poor woman lying dead. It crally covered with mud and almost in the middle of the Bandstown road, near the Two-Mile Hlouse. She was seen there as early as 5 o'clock this morning, yet no one had notified the Coroner up to the time when the writer saw has. This he learned from he Rucharnet the This he learned from Dr. Buchans the first and the content of the first and the coroner, at 8 \(\frac{1}{2} \) o'clock. Such cases should always be reported at once to the officer whose duty it is to

be reported at once to the officer whose duty it is to dispose of them as the law provides and directs. Another woman was found, in a dying condition, near the body of the one mentioned above, and was taken into the house of Mr. J. Schnid and properly cared for by him and other neighbo A FRIEND TO HUMANITY.

An Expensive Joke. — The day before New Year's two geatlemen, well known among the citizens of Brooklyn as "men of means," named Theodore Polhemus and Wilson Hunter, met at a saloon in Futton street, when Polhemus asked Hung. if he was going to make calls on new year's. Hunter replied that he had intended to make calls, but

that he would give five hundred for a good looking coachman, at the same time saying to Polhennus, "Why don't you take the job; you are good looking and would make a splendid coachman." Polhennus acknowledged the compliment, and said he would serve for that sum. Hunter then told him to be on hand at the same time that the told him to be on hand at two o'clock the next day ready for service, but demanded that if he failed to perform his agreement he should forfeit a basket of wine. The con-

ment he should forfeit a basket of wine. The conditions were agreed to, and they parted.

The next day Mr. Hunter, who resides ia Pierrepont street, was at his house about the time agreed upon; with him most of the party who were wimeses to the bet of the day before, anxions to see the denouement. A few moments before two, flunter reminded the guests of the bet, and remarked that it would be fun if Polhennus d.d. not keep his engagement. A moment afterwards Polhemus was announced, and appeared, whip in hand, ready for service. He asked flunter where his coach was, when the reply was made that he had none. Polhemus offered his own, stating that he was ready to drive according to agreement. Hunter then exdrive according to agreement. Hunter then ex-cused himself, stating that he would not go out ex-cept in his own coach. Polhemus offered to get the best team that could be had in the city, but Hunter still insisted that he would not go out. Upon that Polhemus replied that he supposed his services would not be required.

Hunter replied, "certainly not." "In that case," aid Polhemus, "I will take a glass of wine. I ame here as a coachman and am now your equal,

came here as a coachman and am now your equal, but shall demand payment for my services according to contract. If I had failed in performing my part of the agreement you would have exacted the penalty, and I now demand the \$500 you agreed to give me for my services." Hunter laughed, the wine was drank, and the company parted.

No suit has been brought for the \$500, but it will be paid by Hunter. Both parties are well known as being wealthy. The joke was a dear one to the party making the wager, but, as he is able to stand it, it will do no harm and may tend to make him more cautious in future how he employs coachmen. The proceeds of the sport will be applied to charitable purposes.—Com. Advertiser. ble purposes .- Com. Advertiser.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.

There is reason to believe that the Cass and Yrizarri treaty has totally failed. The Nicaraguan government have not even considered it. They objected to it, as we learn, on the ground that Mr. Yrizarri had no authority from Nicaragua to make it. Mr. Yrizarri had received credeutials from the Rivas government, but none from that of Martinez. Besides, all the other Central American States with sides, all the other Central American States with which Nicaragua is in alliance are hostile to the treaty, for the reason that it gives the United States a right to protect the transit by military force. The treaty, in fact gives the United States the right to

I learn that the President has received a telegraph dispatch from Mr. Calhoun, president of the Le-comptou convention, which settles the question as to the result of the election on the 4th of January, for State officers and the State Legislature. Mr. Cal-houn gives the election to the pro-slavery party. He will ere long be here himself, to explain the facts connected with the matter.

AN ALABAMA CONSTABLE AFTER ET AL -An Alabama correspondent of the Mobile Advertiser, justly proud of the good things of his native State, writes to that paper as follows:

A certain fat constable in the county of C-State of Alabama, once received a writ from a Justice of the Peace, known as Josh M—c. The case was R—vs. D—et al. The good coastable, who was more famed for his honesty than literary attainments, was sorely puzzled at et al. So, after keeping the writ for a week, he entered the Justice's office with much any ict donient of the property and with much anxiety depicted on his countenance, and saluted Squire Josh with this exclanation: "Josh, who's the et al? I've been looking for him all over the county for a week, and I can't tind him. I don't

THE "PROPHET'S FAMILY."-A correspondent of the Missouri Republican writes that last summer he was at Nauvoo and conversed with Mr. Bitoman, who is married to Joe Smith's widow. He says:

I sat at the table with the family, consisting of Mr. Bitoman and wife, and three sons of Joe Smith, the eldest about 23 or 24; the second about 20; the third a lad of some 12 or 13 years. From Mr. Biloman I learned that not one of the family believed in Mormonism, and that his wife, formerly Mrs. Smith, had always been opposed to it, as well as the boys. Mrs. Bitoman is a musculine, intelligent looking lady, of 45 or 47 years. She is a native of New York.

Cool Clearfield Comtcalities.—As everybody knows, our county jail is a great institution, and occasionally the "boarders" indulge in some rich performances. On Saturday evening, James Curly and Willer who are caving out sentences of ances. On Saturday evening, James Curly and Wm. Miller, who are serving out sentences of imprisonment, having been allowed the privilege of going into the jail yard, scaled the wall and vamosed. Miller left a note, informing the sheriff that he had gone home to attend to some affairs, and that he nad gone nome to attend to some affairs, and that he would be back the next evening. Curly coolly moved around "to see what was going on in town," until about 9 o'clock, when he returned to the jail, and, all the doors being locked, had to rouse the sheriff to get in. On Monday evening Miller also came back.—Clearfield (Pa.) Journal.

LIEUT. A. K. ALLEN SUPPOSED TO BE LOST. learn that about two weeks ago Lieut. Allen, with a small party of men, left the Dalles for Fort Sincoe. When they reached the Sincoe monntains there was a severe snow raging, and the men fearing they would not be able to make trip in safety returned, leaving Lieut Alles to make trip in safety returned, leaving Lieut. Allen to pursue his journey alone. Since then he has not been heard from, and it is supposed he perished on the mountains, He had about \$35,000 in cash with him.—Oregonian.

Chinamen Returning.—The bodies of 300 dead Chinamen are now lying on one of our wharves, nicely packed and directed, ready for shipment to their long home in China. The freight money on this lot is \$7,500.

San Francisco News Letter, Jan. 5.

DIED,

On Monday night, 1st inst., about 10 o'clock, Dr. Sam-uel M. Dickinson, in the 26th year of his age. His end was peace.

was peace.

It is friends and the friends of the family are requested to attend the tuneral services at the Walnut Street Methodist Church on Wednesday morning, 3d inst., at 11 o'clock. The remains will be taken to the farm of his brother-in-law, W. L. Prather, about three miles from the city, on the Newburg road.

In this city, this (Tuesday) morning, of scarlet fever, GEO. Wilson, infant sou of GeO. W. and Ellen Smith. His funeral will take place to-morrow (Wednesday) af-ternoon, at 3 o'clock, from the residence of his father, cor-ner of Market and Jackson streets. Friends and acquain-tances of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

Cincinnati Safety Fund Bank
Note Reporter,

GIVING the Cincinnati, Chicago, Indianapolis, and
New York quotations, published semi-monthly. Subscriptions received by
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NEW JUVENILES, beautifully illustrated, colored plates, plain and gilt, at low prices, o13 j&b CRUMP & WELSH, 84 Fourth st,

For Rent, The STORE-ROOM adjoining my Marble shop or He Strikes-ROOJA adjoining my Mai ble shop on Jefferson street, near Fourth. Rem 250 dollner a year. Also the ROOMS over same can be had at they can be used for a dwelling.

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1 b&j3 Jefferson st., north side, near Fourth.

FREDERICK KELLAR.

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Under Masonic Temple Tenders his sincere thanks to his former patrons, and hopes by the strice attention to business to continue their patronage.

MODES DE PARIS. WINTER MILLINERY 106 Fourth street, between Market and Jefferson.

The undersigned would call the especial attention of the ladies to the new and elegant stock of MILLINERY GOODS.

Such as Bounets, Ribbous, Flowers, Feathers, Confuers Dress Caps, &c.. which will be sold at prices to suit the times.

LADIES' DRESS HATS made to order and all orders faithfully and promptly filled on very resonable terms. Mrs. A. JONES, Agent.

PICTURES.

477 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

HARRIS'S GALLERY

NOTICE.

The undersigned would take this method of returning his thanks to his friends and the public sequentially for the liberal patrons of he has received during the past to years. Having resumed business, he may be found, for the present, at the Slow-Case Factory, No. 314 Green street, between Third and Fourth, adjoining his old stand, where all orders for PAINTING, GLAZING, &c., will be promptly attended to at pieces to suit the times.

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BETWEEN MARKET AND JEFFERSON! ouisville, Ky

WE OFFER TO THE PUBLIC WHEELER & WILSON'S IMPROVED SEWING MACHINE with
increased confidence in its merits as the best and most reinable Family Sewing Machine now in use. It seem equally
well on the thickest or thinnest labrics, makes the backstitch impossible to unravel, with the essential advantage
of being alike on both sides, forming no ridge nor chain on
the under side, is simple in construction, more speedy in
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We give full instruction to enable the purchaser to sew
ordinary scams, sitich, hem, fell, quilir, taiher, blud, and
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LOCKS, LATCHES, BOLTS, SCREWS, NAILS, Brads, Cord Weights, Hooks, Springs, Shovels, Tongs, Pokers, Rakes, Hooks, Suws, Planes, Chizels, Coffee, Milk, Sifters, Knive, Forks, Spoons, Britannia Ware, Glases, Clocks, Combs, Brushes, Levels, Crozes, lowells, Bells, Tea Kettles, Milk Pans, Fish Kettles, Stewicttles, Thermometers, Braces, Bitts, Drills, Gages, Canlesticks, Lanterue, Yard Sticks, Rules, Squares, Drawing Intriments, Turning Tools, &c. wholessie and retail by \$12\times A. McBRIDE, 69 Third st. [Courier copy.] [Courier copy.]

VALENTINES

For February 14, 1858.

VALENTINES SENTIMENTAL AND COMIC, which I will sell

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THEY WILL OFFER BARGAINS

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MARTIN & PENTON'S. 96 Fourth st.,

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A NEW supply received this day.

Harper for February.

NEW supply of Harpers' Monthly for February just received by express.

F. A. CRUMP, 84 Fourth st. VALENTINES. A LARGE supply of Comic and Sentimental, many of them rich and beautiful. The trade supplied at very low rates. j29 j&b F. A. CRUMP, 84 Fourth st.

Olshausen.

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PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES
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CORAL ROSES, TULIPS, HARVEST
QUEEN, AND GRAPE FULL SETS,
Of the most beautiful designs, just received, which we
just lab Jolin KITTS & CO., Main et.
GENTS' SOFT HATS, for traveling and business purji6 jab PRATHER & SMITH'S, 455 Main et.

MOZART SOCIETY. - The rehearsal of the Mozart Society will positively take place this evening in the large hall of the Masonic Temple. Mr. Gunter requests the vocalists of the asseciation to be at the hall at 7 o'clock.

GREAT BARGAINS IN FANCY AND STAPLE DRY Goods .- Plain black silks, fancy silks, cloaks, shawls, illusion robes, a large stock of laces and embroideries, hosiery, satin-faced and French merinoes, cashineres, black Lyons velvet, printed de laines, together with a large stock of Irish linens, linen table damask, napkins, deilies, towels, lizen sheetings, English bed blankets, flannels, heavy cotton drillings and plaid osnaburgs for servants, bleached and brown cottons, &c. My stock of the above goods is large and complete, all of which I will offer at unusually low prices. The money of all solvent banks of Tennessee, Indiana, and Illinois received at par. G. B. TABB, received at par. G. B. TABB,
j11 j&b Corner Fourth and Market streets.

New Books by G. W. M. Reynolds in

pamphlet form.

WALLACE the Hero of Scotland.
The Gopsy Chief.
Brian O'Linn, or Luck is Everything, by Wm. H. Maxwell

Brian O'Linn, or Luck is Lvery.

rell.

The Two Apprentices, by Charles Dickens.

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Both for February, just receive, and for sale at

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go Third st.

FRANK LESLIE'S MONTHLY PART OF HILL'S.
TRATED NEWSPAPER TO FIDINARY and MONTH-LY PART OF HARPERS' WEI KLY for January Just
received and for sale at GUNTEPES NOW WEIGHT GUNTER'S BOOKSTORE.

Dissolution. THE partnership heret fore existing between F. A. CRUMP and J. H. WELSH was this day dis gived by mittal consent. F. A. Crump is authorized to settle all debts of the concern and codect all amounts due to the same.

Jan. 23, 1859.

J. H. WELSH.

New Arrangement.

F. A. CRUMP will coutine, on his own account, the BOOK and STATION ERY business at the old stand, No. 84 Fourth street, near Market. Thankful for all past favors, he solicits a continuance of a I former patrons, being determined to merit the same by krepling a superior stock and selling the same on account coating terms. Mr. Kirk will remain in the house as usual, F. A. CRUMP.

F. A. CRUMP. CLOSING SALE.

IN accordance with our annual custom, we, at the close of each season, offer the balance of our stock remaining ou hand at prices much lower than usual. Owing to the fluancial revulsion which has overshadowed the community for the last three mouths, we have been obliged to MARK DOWN OUR STOCK from time to time, in order to meet the pressure, and have availed ourselves largely of the rare opportunity effered to

PURCHASE FOR CASH, the benefit of which we have been and are still offering to our generous parrons.

To all who have not already supplied themselves we would say that this

OPPORTUNITY TO PURCHASE DRY GOODS

is seldom if ever equaled.

Thankful tor the generous support thus far given 2s, we cordially wish our friends

"A Happy New Year" and a speedy return of prosperity.

MARTIN & PENTON,
123 J&b 96 Fourth st., between Market and Jefferson.

New Books! New Books!

New Books! New Books!

MEMOIRS of Genesaret, by the author of the Words and Mind of Jons, Meuoirs of Bethany, and Footsteps of St. Paul. \$1.

Expository Thoughts on the Gospels, by the Rev. J. C. Ryle. Matthew and Mark now reasy Fach. *1.

London Lectures to Young Men for 1867. \$1.

Lights and Shadows of the Christian Life, by Rev. W. R. Tweedle, of Edinburg. 75c.

Our Pastor's Visit, 40c.

Livingston's Travels and Researches in South Africa. \$6.

The Greyson Letters, by Henry Rogers. \$1.25.

Legaly in Biography and Criticism, by Peter Bayne. \$1.25.

Lena, a in Biography and Criticism, by Peter Bayne, \$1.25.
Lena Lestle, by a Lady of Kentucky. 25c.
Lestons from the Great Biography, by James Hamilton D. D., London. 75c.
The Sone of Solomon, by Miss A. L. Newton. 75c.
White Lies, by Chas. Reade, \$1.25.
Meadow Brook, by Mary J. Holmes. \$1.
A great variety of Paper Dolls and Paper Doll Furniture.

A. DAVIDSON, j20 1 &by Third st. near Market.

We would respectfully call the attention of the public to a MARINE CHRONOSETER placed in our window, showing the exact time. It is entirely of American manufacture, and has been exhibited at the World's Fair in Paris in competition with the best London and French Chronometers, and sho at the World's Fair in New York, and in every instance has received the highest premium for unequalled workmanship and correct time-keeping.

To our watch department we have secured the services of Mr. Ed. Helwig, of New York. Mr. II. can execute any kind of watch-work fully equal to Jurgensen, Frodsham, Adams, or any of the first London or Swise makers.

In many fine Watches that are Broken parts are substituted greatly inferior to the original, the customer paying tue full price for a perfect piece of work. The Watch apparently performs well afterward for a while, but is more imperfect and less valuable than originally.

JOHN KITTS & CO.

FEBRUARY. HARPERS' MONTHLY for February is received by the CRUMP & WELSH, il8 iceb 84 Fourth st. near Market.

Russian Sable Furs at a Great Reduction. Those elegant Sable Furs on commission at HAYES & CRAIG'S are now ordered back to New York; but a few handsome Capes will be retained THERE DAYS LONGEE and offered at only two-thirds of their value.

MEN'S AND BOYS' CAPS of every style, quali-y, and color, in store and for sale cheap for cash by jie jab PRATHER & SMITH, 455 Main et. LADIES' AND MISSES' FURS AT LESS THAN COST for each are to be had of PRATHER & SMITH, 455 Main st.

THE MOST SUPERIOR DRESS HATS FOR inter now in use are those Cassinere Hats made winter now in the by 1161&b

HAYES & CRAIG. SUPERIOR DRESS HATS, LOUISVILLE MANUFAUTURE—We are this morning prepared with an extra supply of superior Moleckin Dress Hats of our own manufacture, which for beanty of finish, style, and quality cannot be excelled it equaled in the city. We particularly invite those in want of an easy and comfortable fitting Dress Itat to call and examine our assortment before purchasing elsewhere.

J16 J&b PRATHER & SMITH, 456 Main st.

MEN'S AND BOYS' WINTER CAPS, very suitable to the season, are now selling very cheap at 116 j&b HAYES & CRAIG'S.

THOSE ELEGANT SILK HATS WHICH took the premium at the World's Fair are always to be had of the manufacturers.

HAYES A CRAIG.

MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S FURS are now selling at about one-half their value at HAYES & CRAIG'S.

New Books.

TORIES and Legends of Travel and History for Children, by Grace Greenwood. Price 15c.
Plant Hunters, by Capt. Mayne Reid. 75c.
White Llee, a Novel, by Chas. Reade. §1 25.
The Cousins, or the Captain's Ward, by Jss. A. Maltland, author of "The Watchman," "Old Doctor," &c. §1.
Parlor Entertainments: The Ladies' and Gentlemen's Mirror of Fashion. §1 25.
Il and-Book of Household Science, by Ed. L. Yonman, anthor of "The Class Book of Chemistry," §1 25.
Christmas Story for 1858. The Perils of Certain English Prisoners and their Treasure in Women, Children, Stiver, and Jewels. By Chas, Dickens. 25c.
Cheap Publicatious. A large supply fresh from the publishers.

ishers.

Just received by j13j&b CRUMP & WELSH, 84 Fourth st. Carpets, Floor Oil-Cloths, Rugs, Mats, Table and Piano Covers, &c.

A GENERAL assortment in the above goods now in a store, and, having determined to reduce our stock as low as possible, we will offer numeral inducements to purchasers. We solicit a call from the public generally.

C. DUVALL & CO.,

jll j&b 537 Main st., Opposite Itank of Ky.

Le Bon Ton for January.

TAYLOR'S MONTHLY REPORT OF PARIS, LONdon, and NewYork Fashions for January just received by the agents,

[11] [36]

84 Fourth street, near Market.

Sole-leather, Iron-end, and Dress Trunks, Bonnet Boxes, Valises, Carpet Bags, &c.,

AT PRIME COST FOR CASH ONLY.

Remember, at the

Cloaks, Mantles, and Shawls. WF have new in store a good assortment of CLOAKS.

MANTLES, and SHAWIS, which we will sel at
barcains.

julyah C. DUVALL & CO.,

537 Main st., opposite Pank of Ky.

GREAT BARGAINS Dry Goods.

ROBES, BAYADERES, MOUSSILINES, CLOAKS, VELVETS, and EMBROIDERIES

COST,

COTTONS,
LINENS.
HOSTERY,
GLOVES.
RIBBONS.
FLANNELS
STAPLES,
and POMESTICS Reduced Prices

MARTIN & PENTON'S, 16 Fourth st. jo isb

No Extra Charges of \$50 for "Professional Selections."



HAVING MADE THIS DEPARTMENT OF MY Thusiness a peciality for several years past, I have constantly on land every variety of Pebbles and fine Glasse In use, with extremes of 1 meh to 72 inches focus, for the prespyopic or the myople eye. I have the genuine Periscopic or cucavo convex Pebbles, also the double concavous Pebbles, also the found to the periscopic or concavous Pebbles, also the found to the periscopic or the period of the

All purchasers are requested to return if not suited.

M. C. RAMSEY, 488 Main st.

PULPIT SPECTACLES. A large assortment just received.

pair of each we will be pleased to present preacher requiring their use.

JOHN KITTS & CO., Main st. we have studied this brane of our business closely for a number of years and know of no better aid to the sight than the above.

J. K. & CO.

THE NEW YEAR. FANCY GOODS

AT COST FOR CAS Until the 10th of January, 1858.

Persons wanting presents for New Year day are request ed to call, as great bargains will be sold for the money. W. W. TALBOT,

98 Fourth street.

GENTS' HATS, of Moleskin. Cassimere, and French soft Felt, are offered at prices to suit the limes by I'RATHER, SMITH, & CO., 455 Main st. NEW YEAR'S GIFTS.

We have still a good assortment of LADIES',
MISSES', and CHILDREN'S FANCY FURS,
which we will selt at LESS THAN COST FOR
CASH. PRATHER, SMITH, & CO.,
d30jdb c35 Main st.

A Great Book.

THE CITY OF THE GREAT KING, or Verusalem As fit Was, As it Is, and As it Is to He. A large octavo, finely Electracy, M. D., Missionary to Jurusalem. Price—cioth, \$3 &c full glit Turkey morocco, \$5. The trade supplied on liberal terms. Just received by design.

The Tecnobaptist.

A DISCOURSE wherein an honest Baptist, by a course of argument to which no honest Baptist can object, it couvinced that Infant Christians are proper subjects of Christian Paptism. By R. B. Mayes. Frice 75c. Justice 1881.

CRUMP & WELS 84 Fourtb s MECHANICS' TOOLS and BUILDERS' HARD-WARE—All the late improvements for sale by d23 j&b A. McBRIDE.

BOYS' HATS AND CAPS, beautiful styles, for safe at reduced prices for cash by PRATHER, SMITH, & CO., d30 j&b 455 Maln st.

GENTS' HATS of all styles, qualities, and colors for sale at reduced prices for cash by
PRATHER, SMITH, & CO.,
423 j&b 455 Main st.

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY wholesale au etail at No. 69 Third street by d23 14th A. McBRIDE.

AMERICAN AND IMPORTED TA-BLE AND POCKET CUTLERY, from the first livery to the lowest price, for sale [d23]&b] A. McBRIDE. DUYS' HATS AND CAPS of every description

at very low prices for cash at PRATHER, SMITH, & CO.'S, 455 Main st. BOYS' SOFT HATS AND PLUSH-TRIMMED APS, so desirable for winter, are selling very

HAYES & CRAIG'S.

New and Elegant Gift Books.

THE WORLD-NOTED WOMEN, with 17 steel illustra The Court of Napoleon, with Portraits of its Beanties, Wits, and Heroines. The count of the country of the coun

tique, and extra civili.

The Farmer's Boy, lilustrated Turkey morocco and cloth antique.

Gertrude of Wyoming, lllustrated Turkey morocco and cloth extra antique.

The Queens of England, 2 volumes. Turkey morocco antique.

tique.
The Pocts of the Nincteenth Century, three paper, cloth antique. For sale by
CRUMP & WELSH,
d21 j&5
84 Fourth street.

Annuals—New Styles.

THE GEM OF THE SEASON; the Book of Beauty.
Oriental Annual; Floral Keepsake.
Flora's Dictionary; Leaflets of Memory.
Also, Leavith & Allen's complete sories of 12 and 16 mo.
Annuals, in entire new styles of bindings—morocco gilt and autique. For sale by CRUMP & WELSH, 84 Fourth st.

AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST AND LOWER THAN THE LOWEST.

OUR LARGE AND VARIED STOCK of GOODS OFFERED AT BARGAINS!

C. DUVALL & CO. Main street, between Second and Third.

I N accordance with the pecuniary pressure of the day, we have placed such prices upon OUR ENTIRE STOCK, regardless of Eastern ost, as will induce sales by

We have an assortment of all grades of CARPETING, rich CURTAIN MATERIAL, fine Fancy and Staple DRY GOODS, BLANKETS, &c., with every st, le of goods nausally to be found lu a well-regulated Dry Goods store, all of which we offer AT BARGAINS FOR CASH. We are in receipt of New Goods purchased in the East far below the usual prices, which will be offered accordingly by us.

C. DUVALL & CO.

d211&b 537 Main st., opposite Eank of Ky.

American Eloquence.

A COLLECTION OF SPEECHES AND ADDRESSES by the most Eminent Orators of America; with blographical sketches and illustrative notes by Frank Moore. In 2 vots. Price \$6. For sale by the Agenta.

CRUMP & WELSH, 0241&b 84 Fourth st., near Market.

CURNER FOURTH AND MAIN STREETS. A NEW AND VALUABLE REMEDY FOR

ALL DISEASES OF THE Throat and Lungs PR. JOHN BULL'S Compound Pectoral of Wild Cherry,

FOR THE COMPLETE CURE OF
COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, INFLUEVZA, FAINS IN THE SIDE AND
BREAST, SPITTING OF BLOOD, AND
CONSUMPTION.

Evan ville, ind., Nov. 17, '57.

Dr. John Bull, Louisville, Ky.:

Dear Sir: Have tried your Pectoral In a well-marked and severe case of pulmonary consumption, accompanie with severe hemorrhage from the lungs, in which Cod Li er Oil totally failed to produce any beneficial effect, and I was perfectly astonished at the immediate relief and diminution in the amount of expectoration which speedily followed its use. As a remed, in the advanced stages consumption I give it most decidedly the preference.

JOHN MAGENISS, M. D. Sold by all druggists everywhere. All orders from wholesale purchasers or applications to: Ageucies must be addressed t

DR. JOHN BULL, Louisville or New York.

Music Teaching. The under-laned would respectfully inform the citizens of Louisville that he is prepared to give lessons in Music on the Piano and to teach Vocal Music. Those who are lu want of a thorough and faithful teacher will please apply at either of the music stores or at his residence, 45° Jeffersou street, between Fonth and Fitth. d25° j&bd2m

New Coal Office.

FOR the convenience of persons residing in the lower of Coal at the Corner of Matn and Nunth streets, where the BEST PITTSBURG COAL can always be had on short notice at as low a price as can be purchased anywhere in the city.

N. B. Our office on Third street, opposite the Post-office will, as usual, continue open for the same of the best Coal a the lowest prices.

J4 b&j

VOGT & KLINK,
MANUFACTURING JEWELERS and
Wholesale Dealers in Watches, Clocks,
and fine Jewelry, at Fastern Prices, No.
72 Tbirdstreet, near Market, Louisville,
acutucky.
For Great care taken in setting Diamonds in all descriptions of Jewelry, and done with dispatch.
N. B.—Watches and Jewelry repaired in a very superior manner.

REMOVAL.

We have removed our FINISHING and PIANO WARE-ROOMS to the corner of Maiu and Sixth streets, Reynolds's new block.

Factory corner of Fourteenth and Maln streets. d24 b&j jan 14 w4 PETERS, CRAGG, & CO

PETERS, CRAGG, & CO.,
PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS.
Having increased our facilities, we are
uow enabled to turn out trout tento twelve
Fianos per week. We would respectfully
inform our wholesale and retail purcha

sers that we bope for the future to be able to supply the increased demand for our instruments.

As regards the merits of our lianos we would respectfully refer to the fact, for the last five years, we have received the light for the last five years, we have received the light formula light for the last five years, we have received the light formula light for the last five years, we have read footen, for finishing and Pianos of New York and Booten, for finishing and Piano Wareroomscorner of Main and Sixth streets.

sixth streets.

Factory corner of Fourteenth and Main streets.

d24 b&j ian 14 w4 PETERS, CRAGG, & CO

C. DUVALL & CO., 537 Main st.,

HAVE MARKED DOWN THEIR STOCK

SILKS. n3 i&b

Fourth Volume of Debates of Congress THE ABRIDGEMET OF THE DEBATES OF CO from the original Documents. Edited by Col. Thomas Benton. In 15 large octavo volumes of about 750 two-

min pages.
This work has now reached the fourth volume, and is giving great satisfaction among all classes. It will contain the wi dom of Congress for seventy years, and will be an invaluable part of the history of the country. It is of national interest, and one of the most valuable compendiums tional Interest, and one of the most valuable compendiums for public and private libraries ever Issued. The work realizes a desideratum long felt, and of all others, for the political history of the Government, most wauted. Its wide range of characters, each one speaking for himself and representing his own party, and list far stretch of time make it of the greatest value to the nation. The Indexing is very complete, so that any name or subject desired may be found in either volume at once.

Terms.—The work is publishing exclusively by subscription, and the volumes are issued at intervals of from 2 to 3 months. In cloth binding at \$3; law sheep \$3.50; half moreoco \$4; halt calfextra \$4.50; each volume payable as delivered.

ivered.
The agents for Louisville are CRUMP & WELSH, 0281&b 84 Fourth st., near Market.

GENTS' SOFT HATS—An extra article of Genta' Soft Felt Hats in store and for sale lew by PRATHER, SMITH, & CO., 029 i&b 455 Main st.

Mrs. Holmes's New Book.

100 COPIES of MEADOW BROOK, by the author of Tempest and Sunshine, "See, just received an for sale by CRUMP & WELSH, 024j&b 84 Fourth st., near Market.

\$20,000 WANTED IN ILLINOIS FREE BANK PAPER, UNION, PLANTERS, and BANK OF TENNESSEZ, STATE BANK OF OHIO, and STATE and BANK OF THE STATE OF INDIANA

AT PAR
In exchange for one of the best assortments of STAPLE
and FANCY DRY GOUDS that can be found in Louisville, and at such prices as will dely competition. They
are receiving daily new and desirable DRESS GOODS,
adapted to the fall and winter trade, consisting of

are received adapted to the fall and wall adapted to the fall and wall adapted to the fall and striped Silks;

Plaid and striped Silks;

Lexor and Gala Plaids;

Delainer and Merinoes

MOURNING GOODS Of every possible kind.

EMBROIDERIES. A full assortment just opened DOMESTIC STAPLES. SCARFS AND TOURISTS.

A fresh supply, just opened, of the new styles. ***3

MARTIN & PENTON,
024 j&b 96 Fourth st., between Market and Jefferson

Wit and Humor.

NOS. 12, 13, and 14 of Burton's Cyclopedia of Wit and Jiumor just received and for sale by the agents for Louisville, CRUMP & WELSH, 84 Fourth st., near Market.

GENTS' SOFT HATS—An extra article of Gents' Soft Felt Hats in store and for sale very low by PRATHER, SMITH & CO., 455 Main st. THE MONEY PANIC!

Relief to the Milion!!

In consequence of the scarcity of money, I have determined to offer my stock of FANCY GOODS, BASKETS, and TOYS at TWENTY PER CENT. BELOW MARKET PRICE for casm-taking the lanks of the State of Indiana, State Banks of Indiana and Ohlo, and Kentucky Banks. My stock is full of and comprises all of the new goods out this season.

Lubin's Extracts at 60c.

Hazin's Extracts at 60c.

Hombs and Brusbes

Toys and Baskets

Call and avail yourselves of this opportuity, as now is the time to get goods cheap, or, in other words, at wholesale prices.

Olight W. W. TALBOT, 98 Fourth st. Relief to the Million!!

XXXVIH CONGRESS-THEST SESSION.

Monday's Proceedings. WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.

Senate,—Mr. Deslittle presented a petition from 97 culzens of the United States, praying that measures may be taken for the purchase of the Island of Cuba and its annexation to this country. Mr. Bigler introduced a joint resolution for the completion and preservation of a digest of the statistics of mines and manufactories, which was re-

Mr. Collamer introduced a bill to alter the times

to hold the district court in Verment.

The consideration of the army bill was resumed.

Mr. Houston opposed it; he saw no necessity for a large standing army; he said it was contrary to the

theory of our government.

One o'clock was the hour for the consideration of the Pacific railroad bill, but Mr. Houston was allow-

the Pacific railroad bill, but Mr. Houston was allowed to continue by unanimous consent.

Ile nelvocated the raising of soldiers to meet all necessities and emergencies, saying they were not more expensive than regular troops, and were decidedly more pretrable. Four additional regiments were raised some years ago, the expense of which was probably something like the twenty millions now delicient in the Treasury. What have they done but killed a few Indian warriors and many women and children? Such conduct reflects little credit upon civilization. Better treat the Indians credit upon civilization. Better treat the Indian like men and elevate them rather than drive, rob, and hunt them down like savages. Do justice to them, and you will need no standing armies on the

Mr. Wilson gave notice of an amendment to the army bill in the form of a substitute in effect for the army bill in the form of a substitute in effect for the present, for the purpose of enforcing the laws of the United States, maintaing peace with the Indian tribes, and pretecting citizens on routes of emigration to Utah; to be applied only in said territories; the services of volunteers to be called for and accepted for a number not exceeding five thousand officers and men, to serve twelve menths, unless previously discharged and enterprising.

discharged, and appropriating — dollars for the purpose of carrying out its provisions.

The further consideration of the bill was postponed till to-morrow.

ed till to-morrow.

Douglas moved that the Senate take up the bill providing for the admission of Miunesota into the Uniou, saving that he was in favor of the Pacific railroad bill. He thought that the question in regard to allowing Senators from new States to take seats ought to take precedence over other business.

The Pacific railroad bill was a measure in which

mr. Gwin was unxious to consider the Pacific railroad bill. A Senator from Minnesote, he was inclined to think, could not take his seat before the passage of the measure.

Mr. Green said that there were several considerations which must necessarily be brought up, when

Mr. Green said that there were several considerations which must necessarily be brought up, when
the Minnesota bill shall be brought up. The question of representation would depend upon questious
of fact not yet decided. All returns of the census
are not yet received. The bill would therefore be
prejudiced by prematurely considering it.

Mr. Crittenden thought that respect for Minnesota and the two gentlemen selected to represent
her on this floor made it a primary duty of the Senate to consider the subject as to whether they had a
right to take seats and to be heard on the Pacific

right to take seats and to be heard on the Pacific

Mr. Seward was in fuvor of the Pacific Railroad Mr. Seward was in twor of the Faeinc Kauroau bill, but should be obliged to vote against taking it up at this time. He believed with Mr. Crittenden that the Minnesota Senators ought to be allowed to take scats, but it would give an increased vote in favor of the Pacific Railroad, and he was afraid there would not be strength enough to earry it with-

Mr. Fitzpatrick, a member of the Committee on Territories, objected to taking up the Minnesota bill, not having had an opportunity to read the bill

in consequence of sickness.

Mr. Gwinn did not want a collision between the two measures. He thought that the reason assigned by Mr. Firzpatrick was sufficient for a postponement of the Minnesota bill.

Mr. Mason said that there might be circumstances

under which it would be found necessary for the Southern Stales, in order to determine where they stand in the Union, to take up the Minnesota questions together, Mr. Wilson spoke of the injustice of such conjunc-

tion, and gave notice that he and his friends would avail themselves of all legislative means to resist the admission of Kunsas into the Union under the ecompton constitution.

Mr. Hale said there had never been a proposition

so seriously threatening the disruption of the Union as that of the Senator from Virginia. It is contrary to the genius of our institutions. Mr. Crittenden opposed the connection of the two subjects and made un eloquent Union speech, eliciting applause from the gallery. Without taking the question the Senate adjourned.

House.—The llouse engaged in discussing a hill to supply an accidental omission in the army bill of

last session, making an uppropriation for the support

of the National armories.

Mr. Stra on offered a preamble setting forth that J. B. Williamson, of New York city, was on the 27th of January duly summoned, but refused to appear before the committee appointed to investigate charges against officers and members of the last House, growing out of the expenditures of Lawthat the speaker issue his warrant directing the ser-geant-of-arms to take into custody the said William-son, whenever found, and bring him before the bar of this House to answer for contempt of its au-

liamson, in which he respectfully declined to appear before the committee for reasons which his attorney advised him were sufficient for his not leaving New

The resolution was adopted.

The resolution was adopted.
The bill passed appropriates three hundred thousand dollars for that purpose.
Mr. Boyce offered a resolution, which was passed, providing for the appointment of a select committee of seven who shall inquire into and report on the following subjects: Reduction in the expenses of the government; an organization of the navigation laws of the U.S. in regard to existing duties on imports, and the expediency of a gradual repeal of all duties on imports and resort exclusively to internal taxation.

The House resumed the consideration of the army deficiency bill, but the committee rose without any

action.

Mr. Lamar presented the State Constitution of Oregon, which was referred to the Committee on Territories.

Mr. Parrot asked leave to present certain joint resolutions of the Kansas Legislature with a view to have them laid on the table and printed. [Impatient exclamations—"What are they? Read!" Nr. Crain chiested and results of the control Mr. Craig objected and raised the question that the papers could not be read.

The Speaker said that the question was whether

Mr. Craig appealed from the decision of the chair.
Much confusion occurred during these proceedings.
Mr. Washburn, of Ill., moved to lay the appeal on the table. Carried.
The resolutions were read. They strongly censure the Lecompton Convention, and the odious and

sure the Lecompton Convention, and the odious and oppressive party machinery of law under which the delegation was assembled, saying that the Convention repudiated and crushed out the distinctive principle of the Kansas-Nebraska act, which leaves the people free to legislate on the subject of their domestic institutions in their own way, but at every trace they have been prevented from a dainy. The

domestic institutions in their own way, but at every stage they have been prevented from so doing. The resolutions strongly protest against the admission of Kansas into the Union under the Lecompton Constitution, as violating the rights of the people of the territory.

A second series of resolutions from the Kansas Legislature, were read, asking that Kansas be received into the Union under the Lecompton Constitution, and saying that the first Legislrture was seized on by fraud and violence, revolting to a large majority to a large majority of the votes of the territory. to a large majority of the votes of the territory.

The resolutions were laid on the table, and ordered to be printed. Adjourned.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 1. eeting of the stockholders of the Pennsylvaa meeting of the sitemone. A report, presenting a deeperate condition of affairs, was submitted. Among the collaterals were notes of a firm, of which President Allibone's brother was a member, for

\$120,000, having been discounted by the directors. Mr. Althone volumers the assumption of this debt. Notes of the Hempfield railroad for \$289,000 were also among the collaterals, unauthorized by the directors. The report recumends an assignment, Resolutions for this purpose were postponed until next well.

BOSTON, Feb. 1. F. Skinner & Co. and J. C. Howe & Co., two of the largest inercantile houses in this city, which sustended in October last, to-day resumed payment in full.

Washington, Feb. 1.

The Cabinet met in extraordinary council this morning, having for the first time an authenticated copy of the Lecompton Constitution before them. The President's special message to accompany its transmission to Congress is already prepared but may not be communicated till to-morrow.

About lifty Misrourians, temporarily in Washington, this morning paid a visit of courtesy in the Iresident, who for a short time absented himself from the Cabinet to give them audience.

Hartroopp Congress is already prepared but the Iresident, who for a short time absented himself from the Cabinet to give them audience.

Hartroopp Congress is already prepared but the liouse resumed the consideration of the Pinning Deficiency bill.

New York, Feb. 2.

Horace Greeley publishes a card this morning to the effect that notification of the preparation of the consideration of the liouse resumed the liouse resumed the consideration of the liouse resumed the consideration of the liouse resumed the consideration of the liouse resumed the liouse resumed the liouse resumed the liouse resumed the contested and liouse liouse liouse and liouse liouse and liouse l

HARTFORD, Conn., Feb. 1. John W. Seymour, the Secretary and Treasurer of the Hartford County Savings Institution, suddenly left town on Saunriay. It is now reported that a defalcation of \$100,000 or more has been discovered. covered in his accounts. The money was lost in stock and other speculations.

Mr. Seymour was also President of the Mercantile

Bank, which, it is said, does not lise a dollar. New York, Feb. 1. The weekly bank statement shows an increase in

loans of \$170,000—increase in specie \$440,000—increase in circulation \$35,000—increase in nominal deposits \$1,399,000—increase of undrawn deposits

LATEST NEWS.

THERMOMETER. 6 P. M. 12 31. 6 A. M. 12 M. 31 33

The telegraph brings a report from Washingon, based on the Herald's letters, that the President is about withdrawing the army from Utah, the Mormons, through their delegate in Congress, having made overtures that they will leave the United States, provided the Government will indemnify them for their improvements in Salt Lake. The Fresident has no right to enter into any such urrangement without the authority of Congress. We have no doubt of the total falsity of the re-

POLICE PROCEEDINGS .- Tuesday, Feb. 2 .- John Lynch and Bridget Carty, disorderly conduct. Dis-

charged. Harry, slave of Jacob Summers, stabbing Dennis

Lewis, f. b. c. Discharged. Dennis Lewis, f. b. c., disorderly conduct and as-

sault on Harry. Discharged. Com'th by Peter Herbert vs. Otto Lutz, peuce varrant. Continued.

The eall of the docket was commenced yesterday. Catherine Cuchran was fixed \$20 for keeping a tippling house. T. W. Harding was fined \$50 for carrying concealed a deadly weapon. In all other euses tried, verdicts of acquittal wereren dered.

The Tempest .- Capt. Parr informs as by telegraph that the Tempest left Nashville for this port at 10 o'clock this morning, and that the Cumberland was falling with five feet water on the shoals. The Tempest will be here on Friday morning.

AMERICAN MEETING -There will be a meeting of the Americans of the Fifth and Sixth wards at the Union Engine House this evening, Feb. 2d, at 7 o'clock, to ratify the nomination of Hon. George R. It is desired that all the Americans of the two

Several speakers will be in attendance. COUNTERFEITERS, BEWARE!-A reward is offered COUNTERFEITERS, BEWARE!—A reward is offered for the detection of any person counterfeiting, imitating, or the vender of any such counterfeit or imitation of Bærhave's Holland Bitters. The genuine highly concentrated Holland Bitters is put up in half pint bottles only, having the name of the proprietor, B. Page, Jr., blown in them, and his signature around the neck of each and every bottle.

This delightful aroma, so popular as a remedy for fever and ague, weakness of all kinds, dyspepsia, indigestion, headache, costiveness, and piles, can be obtained from any of our respectable druggists.

30 j&beod3&w1

wards shall be present. All Americans are invited.

j30 j&beod3&w1

BOYS' SOFT HATS AND CLOTH, PLUSH, AND VELVET CAPS of ull the different styling griders and ies for sale at greatly reduced prices for case as PRATHER, SMITH, & CO.'S, 455 Main st.

Parlor Entertainments.

THE Ladies' and Gentlemen's Mirror of Fortune, or the Analysis of Life, for the entertainment of literary and social circles, by D. M. Ansell, M. D. Plee §1 25. ot3 j&b CRUMP & WELSH, 84 Pourth st.

NOTHING TO SAY; A Slight Slap at Mobocratic Snob-bery, which has nothing to do, nothing to wear; by Q. K. Philauder Doesticks, P. B. 50c. 013 jeb CRUMP & WELSH, 84 Fourth st New Books.

New BOOKS.

WAVERLY Novels—The Bride of LammermoorHousehold edition. 2 vols. Price \$150.
Alexander Smith's City Poems. Price 65c.
Fredley's Legal Advisor. Price \$125.
o13 j&b CRUMP & WELSH, 84 Fourth at.

Ray's Higher Arithmetic.
THE PRINCIPLES OF ARITHMETIC, Analyzed and Practically Applied, for Advanced Students, by Joseph Ray, M. D. Price 75c.
CRUMP & WELSH, 84 Fourth st.

New Books.
THE Grayson Letters, by Henry Rodgers, author of the "Eclipse of Faith." \$125.
Well Begun is Half Doue, or the Young Painter. From the German. Colored illustrations. 75c.
Annle's Jewel Case, or True Stories and False Tales Colored illustrations. 75c.
CRUMP & WELSH, os j&b Fought st., near Market.

A LBUMS—A large assertment handsome styles at very CRUMP & WELSH, o5 j&b 84 Fourth street, near Market. Mooney's Ireland.

A HISTORY OF IRELAND from its First Settlement to the Present Time, Including a Particular Account of its Literature, Music, Architecture, and Natural Resources, Biographical Sketches of its Most Eminent Meu, &c. 2 large octavo volumes. Prics \$2:

CRUMP & WELSH

of j&b 84 Fourtbst., ucar Market.

NEWLGOODS IN RICH FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, CARPETS, &c.,

'Just received by C. DUVALL & CO. MAIN STREET.

OUR buyer, who is now in New York, placed ne in re-cept of a lot of beautiful goods in the above line, which were purchased at very low prices. As we shall obtain bargains in the best order of goods, we invite the attention argains in the Dest order of a large of the fall to our new stock.

We take at par the Old Banks of Tennessee, Ohio, and nelars, C. DUVALL & CO. of J&v Main st., opposite Bank of Kentucky.

Main st., opposite Bank of Kentucky.

A GREAT BOOK ON THEOLOGY.—The Knowledge
A of God Obiectively Considered; being the first part of
Theology Considered as a Science of Positive Truth, both
Induct ve and Deductive; by Rob't J. Breckinridge, D. D.
LL. D., 1 vol. 8vo. 82.
The Life of James Montgomery, by Mrs. Hellen G.
Knight, \$125.
The Gnyson Letters: Sciections from the Correspondence
of R. E. H. Gnyson, Esq., edited by Henry Rogers. \$126.
Marriage As It Is and As It Should Be, by Rev. John
Bayley. 75c.
Fashionable Amusements, with a Review of Dr. Bellows's
Lecture on the Theater, by Rev. D. R. Thomason, 75c.
Justreceived and for sale by
O31&b

Spurgeon's Sermons.

100 copples third series. Price \$1.
CRUMP & WELSH.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Reported for the Evening Bulletin. XXXVIII CONGRESS-FIRST SESSION.

luesday's Proceedings. Washington, Feb 2.

Senate - Mr. Wilson presented the memorial of D. R. Livingston, of Mass., to be appeared to succentend and a din the preparation of the catalogue, abstract, and index of the original docu-

New York, Feb. 2.

Horace Greeley publishes a card this morning to the effect that until recently use never heard nor never believed or suspected that Lawrence. Stone, & Co., or anybody else, paid or promised any money whatever to members of Congress at Washington to etitors in New York or to anybody else to procure a change in the tariff act. Mr. Greeley adds: "If said committee supposes I to be shed any light on the matter I am very respectfully at their service."

The Herald's Washington correspondent under date of the last says: "It is reported to me on good authority that Mr. Ruchanan contemplates withdrawing the troops from Utah. Mr. Bernhicel, the Mormon delegate, has submitted propositions to the Administration indicating the will aguess of the Mormons to vacate Utah and colonize on some of the islands of the sea outside of the jurisdiction of the United Stuter; provided, the government will the United States; provided, the government will purchase at a fair valuation the Salt Lake City improvements. Mr. B. asks' that commissioners be sent out to arrange terms and details.

The Administration confidently expect that Kansas will be adminted as a State with the Lecompton continuition and that there will be less opposition from Nauthern and Western Democratic members.

ton Northern and Western Democratic members than was generally supposed. Great calculations are made on the consolidated vete of the South. It is understood that the Lecompton constitution will be referred to the territorial committee in the Secate and may be reported upon with the bill for the admission of Minnesota attached, and that they will be passed together. be passed together.

"Similar arrangements have been made in the buse. An exciting time is anticipated in both

The Tribure's correspondent says the statement in the Herald about the tariff investigation committee is a mere fabrication made from conjectures and floating rumors. There is nothing in Mr. Stone's testimony which implicates Mr. Burks in the least. The Herald's \$7,000 is the old affair of the \$700 lean magnified ten fold loan magnified ten fold.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 1.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 1.

Gen. Walker appeared in the U. S. District Court this morning. Judge McCaleb said there was nothing against him, the grand jury having refused to find a verdict. Walker is anxious to be put upon trial for violation of the neutrality laws. The judge refused, and the district attorney said there was nothing against Walker unless new instructions are received from Washington.
On Sunday morning there was a large fire, consuming Magazine Market and adjacent stores. Loss

over \$50,000. Another fire took place this morning on Caual street, which was mostly covered by insurance. It is supposed both were the work of incendiaries. THE WEATHER.

Dubuque—Clondy; 2 inches snow, mercury 30.
Memphis—Clondy; snow and rain yesterday, mercury 45.
New Orleans—Bright and clear; mercury 57. Janesville—Snowing; wind uortheast; mercury 38. Prairie du Chien—Cloudy; wind northeast; mer-Burlington-Clear; wind west; mercury 31.

Fulton—Snowing; wind northwest; mercury 31. Chicago—Cleur; mild, mercury 35. Milwaukie—Clear and mild; mercury 30. Indianapolis—Snow 4 inches deep; mercury 31. Cincinnati—Cloudy; mercury 32. Butfalo—Cloudy; mercury 32.

Toledo—Cloudy; wind southeast; mercury 31.

Toledo—Clondy; 6 inches snow; mercury 38.

Cleveland—snowing; mercury 39.

Pittsburg—Cloudy; mercury 39.

Rock Island—Cloudy; mercury 30.

Columbus—Snowing; mercury 34.

Boonville—Cloudy; mercury 32.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Feb. 1. A whole square of buildings was destroyed by tire at Rome on Friday last; loss \$100,000. The buildings occupied by the Southern — was among those destroyed.

WATERTOWN, Mass., Feb. 2. The high school building in this place was nearly destroyed by fire yesterday, but, although considerable alarm and confusion prevailed, all the scholars escaped uninjured.

There is no truth in the story in one of our morning papers that the Collins line is to be abandoned.

Bowen & McNamee resumed payment to-day. wen & McNamee resumed payment to-day. MEMPHIS, Feb. 2.

The steamboat Stephen Decatur was sunk yester-day morning by running against the wreck of the Shotwell at Hen and Chickens, a few miles ubove

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.

Sr. Louis, Feb. 2. River risen over 6 inches since last night, and continues to rise at the rate of half an inch an hour. Channel depth to Cairo full ten feet. In the Missouri there is six feet, Illinois five feet, and six feet in the Mississippi to Keokuk, and all rising. Weather clondy and very wet. Mercury 36.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 2, M.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 2, M. Flonr dull; \$3 60@3 65 for supertine, and prices droopng. Hogs firm and demand active at \$5 51@5 55; bolders are asking \$5 75. Whisky 15c. Provisious firm and generally held higher but sell readily at 5%c and 6%c for bulk shoulders and sides packed, and Mc advance asked.

Mess pork, \$13 50@13 75 asked. No change in grain or

Flonr market more active, but prices nuchanged; sales of 000 bbls at \$4 10@4 25 for superfine State, \$4 35@4 40 fer extra State, \$4 10(@4 30 for superfine, and \$4 35(@4 10 for common to middling; extra Canadian flour dull and nn-changed; sales of 300 bbls at \$4 I^@4 25 for superfine and \$4 40@4 50 for extra; Rye flour dull at \$3@3 75. Wheat market very dull and prices nominally the same. Rye at 70@72c. Barley quiet at 70@75c. Corn quiet and un-changed; no sales of old; sales of 1000 bushels new Sonthern at 66@70c. Oats dull and nuchanged. Pork market firmer; sales 500 bbls at \$15 35@15 50 for mess and \$12@12 25 for prime. Beef steady. Dressed hogs firm at 6%c. Bacon dull and drooping. Lard heavy; sales 400 bbis at 9@9%c. Butter active at 11@15c for Ohlo and 13@21c for Cheese steady at 6@8c. Whisky heavy; sales 200 bbls at 21c.

Stocks irregular and dull; the reaction is mostly in Raf . road Stocks. Money is very plenty and a drug at 3@6 on call. We hear of sales as low as 5 % cent. Sterling Exchange 109%@115 for best b'lls and very fine. Chicago and Rock Island 70; Illinois Central Bonds 95%; Illinois Central Railroad 97; New York Central 88%; Virginia 6's 92; Missouri 6's 84%; La Crosse and Milwaukie 11; Galen and Chicago 98; Erie 22%; Cleveland and Tole Cleveland, Columbus, and Cincinnati 89%: Milwaukle and Mississippi 21%; New York Central 6's 88%; Hndson first bonds 1814; Harlem 9; Panama 1214.

Tennessee and Indiana Money Wanted. W E are receiving the notes of the Old Banks of Tennes see, also all of the Indiana Stock Banks not supend ed, Ior HATS, CAPS, and FURS, wholesale and retail, and all debts due us. PRATHER, SMITH, & CO., 455 Main et.

A New Book.

MABEL VAUGHAN, by the anthoress of the Lamp
Lighter. 100 copies by express. \$1.

CRUMP & WELSH

29 j&b 84 Fourth st., near Market.

ment by the Suspended Earlos to their charters, and for other purposes.

Section 1. Be it enveled by the General Assembly of the State of Tennessee, That it shall be, and is hereby made the duty of the several heaks in this State, who have engended speel payment, to resume the payment of specie on all rotes issued by them, on or before the it along a November, Isse; and from and after the first day of July, 1870, no bank, agent, person, or corporation licensed or chartered to co a banking of prokerage business in this State shall be permitted to pay out for circulation the note of any corporation or association of individuals which has not been chartered by the State of Tennessee—a violation of this provision shall be a misdemeanor, and any person or corporation as aforesaid convicted thereof shall be fined not less than five hundred collars, nor more tim two theu, saud dollars, nor shall any hank pay out the notes of any bank chartered by this State, exceed its own or branches, and then only as provided in the 7th sec, of this set; and no bank in this State, shall directly, or indirectly, sell or dispose of gold or silver, or sell or dispose of the notes of any bank whatever, for any premium or discount whatever, and it is berely deciared, that the tradic or trade in the legal currency, or in accurrent bank notes, is not a privileng intended to be, or granted to the fanke by their claraters. No bank in this State shall pay over any dividends or profits to any stockholders or owners of stack, during the time of its unspension of specie payments, except the profits arising from the Bank or Tennessee, or the dividends to which the State is entitled from the stock owned by illusted to any stockholders or owners of stack, during the time of its suspension of specie payments, except the profits arising from the Bank or Tennessee, or the dividends to which the State is entitled from the stock owned by illustering from the Bank or Tennessee, or the dividends to which the State is entitled from the stock owned hall her

money be in gold or silver, bank noise, or paper currency of any kind. No bank in the State, while suspensed, or failing to redeem its notes in gold and silver, its supernet, or fell exchange upon any place in the United States for a higher premium than 2 per cent.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted by the authority afore said, That any bank in this State which has suspended specie payment of its notes be and is hereby r-qu red to file its acceptance, in writing, with the Comptroller of the State, to the several limitations and provisions contained in the first section of this act, within forty days from the time of its passage, as an amendmen to, and part and part end of the clairer. On the failure of such bank last aforeshid to file its acceptance of the provisions of the first section of this act, as an amendment to its churre, within the time above prescribed, the Attorney Ceneral of the indicateration which said bank is located, on being notified of the non-acceptance by it could be a more of the State, and at her suit, to institute all legal and proper-steps to have such non-accepting bank's charter pronounced forfeite and annualled, for violation of its charter by suspension of specie payment, or other cause or causes, and its affairs wound up, as in such cases is preceribed by law. It shall be the duty of the Comptolier to inform the Attorney General of any non-acceptance. Any bank accepting the provisions of the first section of this act, as an amendment to its clairer, and after such acceptance, and its affairs wound up, as in such classes is preceribed by law. It shall be the duty of first section of this act, as an amendment in its clairer, and after such acceptance, failing to comply with such provisions, such failure shall be and is declared unit and void, and no suit it law or equity shall be maintained by any such bank or banks, upon any contract or demand so made.

And it is hereby made the duty of the Governor, on the first section of this act, bulged as an accepting bank or banks as foresaid, hav

istence under said acts to increase its capital stock or circulation.

Sec. 5. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, T ist it is hereby required of the several banks in this state to make quarterly reports to the Comptroller, verified by the oath of the president and cashier thereof, of the true condition of said bank, its assets and inshifties, stating particularly the capital stock, the amount of such capital actually paid into said bank in gold and sliver, and when paid, and how much of its capital stock paid in, not in gold and sliver, and, in such case, to show when, how, and in what paid, and whether such payment, lo its full extent, is then, at the time of the statement, of the value of specie, and if not, how much less in their best judgment. Such statement shall sloo show the lhen liabilities of the bank, the amount of specie of its own on hand, and the then amount of its noter in circulation. It is hereby made the duty of the Comptroluct to cause such statement to be published in one of the leading newspapers in the city of Nashville, and also in one paper in the county or town where such hank is located, if any there be—if not, then in the nearest newspaper, at the cost of the bank whose statement is so published: said statement, and all hank statement is so published: said statement, and all hank statement sequired under this section, shall be sworn to, as true at the time made, which shall be at the hour of two clocks in the day on which made out. Banks accepting the provisions of this act, as before in this act provided for, shall, with such acceptance, file a statement of their then

true at the time made, which shall be at the hour of two clock in the day on which made out. Banks accepting the provisions of this act, as before in this act provided for, shall, with such acceptance, file a statement of their then condition, and continue thereafter to make quarterly statements, as herein provided.

Sec. 6. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Bank of Tennesses shall, by the first of Jannary, 1859, re-apportion, and divide the capital stock among her several branches, so as to make equal the amount of capital receivable by said hranches respectively, according to the provisions of her charter.

Sec. 7. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no hank, or branch bank, in Tennessee, shall issue, emit, or pay out any bank note not on its face payable myon demand at the place where issued, emitted, or paid out, but no such bank or branch bank in this State shall be under legal obligation to comply with the foregoing provisions of this section until the first day of September, 1859, from and after which time they shall strictly conform thereto. Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to prevent any parent bank from signing, filling up, and registering notes intended for circulation.

Sec. 8. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That nothing in this act shall repeal, or is intended to repeal, or affect the righte of the note holders, or depositing creditors of banks, as they now are by existing laws.

LATER FROM MEXICO.—The revolution initiated by Comonfort's coup d'etal is in full progress, and the whole country is in a worse condition of anarchy and confusion if possible than ever. The Governor of Vera Cruz, by authority of the State Legislature, has issued a decree declaring that the State of Vera Cruz resumes her sovereignty, without prejudice, however, to her relations with her sister States, when the legal federal authority shall be established. The decree declares that, being menaced by a foreign invation, it is the duty of every citizen to take up arms in defense of the national independence and bonor, and requires every Mexican male citizen of the State between the ages of 17 and 40 years to enrol himself for the public service. Another decree of the Governor declares formally that "the State of Vera Cruz leagues herself with those of Oajaca and Puebia for the re-establishment of the LATER FROM MEXICO.—The revolution initiated of Oajaca and Puebia for the re-establishment of the

of Oajaca and Puebia for the re-establishment of the legal authority."

The Governor of Tamaulipas publishes two decrees of the Legislature of that State. It is declared in the first that Tamaulipas does not second the plan of Tacubaya. The second decree contains four articles. By the first the central government is disavowed and the State of Tamaulipas resumes her sovereignty. By the second the Governor is authorized to organize, arm, and have at his disposal for the service of the State the National Guard. The third article requires the Governor to render an account to the Legislature of the use he mskes of his new powers, and the fourth provides that the

account to the Legislature of the use he makes of his new powers, and the fourth provides that the decree shall remain in force until the restoration of the proper federal authority.

El Progreso doubts a runnor that Comonfort had on the 11th inst. resigned the Presidency into the hands of Juarez, on the ground that an order from Comonfort dated the 12th had been published, delegistate excited in a state of sterm.

claring the capital in a state of slege.

El Progreso makes up from the papers of the capital a sort of journal of recent occurrences in that city, from which we translate a few of the most in-

city, from which we translate a rew of the most in-teresting items:

At dawn on the 10th inst., the brigade Znloaga (the same body of troops that initiated the revolu-tionary movement of the 17th ult. by marching into

the city and proclaiming the plan of Tacubaya) "pronounced," disavowing Computer because he the city and proclaming the plan of Tacubaya) "pronounced," disayowing Computer because he had not carried into effect the plan of Tacubaya according to their ideas. It was said that part of them wished to proclaim Zuloaga President, and others were in favor of Santa Anna. They were fortified in the citaded, in the convents of San Augustin, Santo Domingo, and at other points in the city. On the 11th, President Comoniort attempted to enler Santo Domingo and and San Augustin, but was not permitted to do so. He caused Gen. Zuloaga to be arrested in the palue, on supplied, but the General protested that he was innocent and was released on parole of his word of honor for his good conduct. Comonfort had gathered at the ratice about 2000 men and a large quantity of artillery and munitions men and a large quantity of artillery and munitions

On the 15th, a column of the forces at the palace was sent against the convent of Sin Augustin, and was fred upon and repulsed with a loss of eight men killed and wounded.

The most vindictive fury characterizes this partisen warfare. A number of the Comonfut faction to possession of a man whose wavehouse they had just sacked, and hung him because he had been a captwin in the National Guards and distinguished for his liberal ideas. In retaliation the Liberals seized and hung a captain of the Government troops named

At last accounts the pronunctados in San Augustin were completely beleagured by Comonfort's troops. Four pieces of artillery had been brought to bear upon them, and after firing all night had done some injury to the convent.

All foreigners had hoisted upon their houses the An foreigners had nosted upon their nouses the flags of their respective countries.

We find nothing from other parts of the Republic in the few papers we received last night, but shall probably be able to give a better idea of the condition of the country when we get our files.

X. O. Crescent.

N. O. Crescent.

[For the Louisville Journal.] METEOROLOGICAL TABLE, FOR THE MONTH OF JANUARY, 1858.

Day of month.	Morning.	2 o'clock P. M.	Evening.	Mean temperature,	Barometer.	Rain-gauge.	Course of wind.	Remarks.
I	43	50	44 37	46	29.34		n.w.	Variable.
3	35 21	37	40	36	29.64	.14	n s. w.	Clear.
4	31	51	44	42	29.52		B. W.	Variable.
5	38	47	415	43	29.99	.IO	Caim.	Cloudy.
5 6 7	41	45	45	44	29.40	.10	w'iy.	Do.
7	28	89	37	35	29.87		w. n. w.	Clear.
8	28	41	35	35	29.95		e.	Cloudy.
9	42	441	45	44	29.72		Caim.	Do.
10	44	49	50	48	29.53	.90	n. e.	Do.
11	54	49 53	48	50	29.07	.12	8. W.	Variable.
12	37	48	38	43	29.64	1	n. n. e.	Do.
14	35	50	45	43	29.50		е.	Do.
15	47	52	51	52	29.25	.94	Caim.	Cloudy.
16	36	35	33	35	29.30	99	W.	Do.
17	24	41	36	24	29.55		8. W.	Variable.
18	24	42	34	35	29.62	1	W.	Cienr.
19	24	60	47	42	29.40		W. 8. W.	Variable.
20	5)(;	47	42	3×	20.66	1	e. n. e.	Clear.
21	25	55	50	43	29.71		8. W.	Do.
22	211	62	54	49	29.80.		e. u. e.	Do.
28	37	57	47	47	24.70		8. W.	Variable.
24	45 54	51	51	41	29.74	.4%	8. 8. W.	Cloudy.
25	45	52	56	56	29.60	. 42	8.	100.
27	40	48	45	44	29.55	1	W.	Variable.
28	36	39	36	37	29.12	.18	w.	Ciondy.
29	31	34	34	33	29.45	.10	W.	Do.
30	31	37	35	34	29.57		n. n. w.	Do.
3I	30	40	35	35	29.56		е.	Variable.
		1		41.64		3.50		

[From this morning's Journal.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 1. The steamship Empire City, from Havana, 26th, has arrived. Her advices are unimportant.

ALBANY, Feb. 1. A verdict for \$10,400 has been obtained in the Cir A verdict for \$10,400 has been obtained in the Circuit Court against Dr. Townsend, of sarsaparilla fame, and in favor of the heirs of Niel Clapp. Dr. Townsend was bondsman for Mr. Howard, the trustee of the estate, and the suit was instituted to recover \$80,000.

THE WEATHER.

MONDAY, February 1. Buffalo-Clear; wind n. w.; mercury 18 degrees. Pittsburg—Cloudy; mercury 28 degrees. Chicago—Cloudy; mercury 31 do. Toronto—Clear and intensely cold; the bay is fro-

zen over.

Detroit—Clear; mercury 26 degrees.
Toledo—Clondy; wind east; mercury 32 degrees.
Cloidinati—Snowing; mercury 34 degrees.
Columbus—Cloudy; mercury 28 do.
Cleveland—Cloudy; mercury 37 do.
Fulton, Illinois—Clear; light n. e. wind; mercury 29 degrees.

zen over.

29 degrees. Janesville—Pleasant; s. e. wind; mercury 32 deg. Janesville—Pleasant; s. e. wind; mercury 30 deg. Prairie DuChien—Cloudy; light wind; mercury 32. Dubuque—Clear; s. wind; mercury 34. St. Louis—Snowing; n. e. wind; mercury 34. Milwaukee—Cloudy; mercury 30.

Fond du Lac—Cloudy; mercury 30. Indianapolis—Snowing; mercury 32. TORONTO, C. W., Feb. 1. J. McChesney, lumber and coal merchant, suddenly this morning in a dentist's chair after taking chloroform for the purpose of extracting leeth.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 1, P. M. River 5 feet 7 inches by the pier mark and falling. Weather wet. Mercury 36.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 1, P. M. River falling slowly. Snow this morning. Now

EVANSVILLE, Feb. 1, P. M.

Steamer J. S. Pringle passed up. The Greenville, Bowling Green, and Union arrived from Green river. The latter lest for Louisville. There were 2 inches of snow this morning and it has been snowing nearly all day. River falling slowly. ST. Louis, Feb. 26.

The river has risen over a foot since Saturday and is still rising. The upper Mississippi swelled some 2½ feet at Dubuque, and is now stotionary, with 5

2% reet at Dunque, and is now scotonary, with 3 feet 3 inches on the bar..

There is no change to note in the Illinois or Missonri rivers since noon. Both are reported rising, with good stages of water in their channels.

The storm of this morning has not yet ceased, and there is a good prospect of its continuing all hight.

Mercury 33.

Mercury 33.

MEMOBANDA. - Steamer Southerner left Memphis on Friday, Jan. 29, at 5% o'clock P. M. Met Antelope at Fulton; Peter Tellon at Island No. 14; Empress at James' bayou: Moses McLelion at Fietcher's: T. C. Twicheii at

PORT OF LOUISVILLE.

FEBRUARY 1. ARRIVALS. W. A. Eaves, Henderson Southerner, Memphis.

met a boat, name unknown, at Cypress bend.

DEPARTURES. Superior, Cin. New York, Nashville. Messenger, Pitts. W. A. Eaves, Henderson, Seventy-Six, Nashville.

Per Superior from Cincinnati—5 casks off, R A Robinson; 50 hdfs paper, Duponte; 12 hags seed, Howard; 29 do do, Bashaw & Bondurant; 30 bhls whisky, W Pope; 55 do do, U Q Armstrong; sdrs, order.

Per Southerner from Memphis—3 bales sacks, Gardner, I cask bacon, W Pope; 4 bales cotton, Long; 1 cask fish, Sowders; 23 do cracklins, edrs, reshipment. Discnarged 118 bales cotton at Cannelton.

Free Banks of Tennessee.

WE will receive the following Free Banks of Tennessee in exchange for Dry Goods at 10 per cent. dis.:
Bank of Paris,
Merchants Bank,
Farmers Bank,
Farmers Bank,
Sank of Commerce,
Bank of Middle Tennessee,
Bank of the Union,
Bank of Chattanooga,
And all the Illinois Free Bank Paper and Oid Banks of Tennessee, Ohio, and Indiana at par.

MARTIN & PENTON,

m3 j&b 96 Fourthst., between Market and Jefferson.

THE RESEARCHES OF TOWNSEND GLOVER .- We were gratified by the opportunity offered by his late visit to this city to make the acquaintance of Mr. Glover, who has for several years, in the employ of the Government, been devoting himself to the study of the insects injurious to vegetation at the South.

The results of his labors will be of immease benefit to the country. He pursues it with the enthusiasm of a devices to science. While here we endeavored to impress upon him the importance of giving some attention to this section of the country, with a view of studying not only its insects, but also its fruits, esculent roots, &c., and adding to his already valuable collection of models. We are glad to find that such men as Dr J. A. Warder and R. Buchanan, of Ohio, entertain the same views in regard to its importance. We know they also desire Mr. Glover to devote his time as early as practicable to this section. No money ever appropriated by Congress was ever of more lasting benefit to the country or more economically expended than that voted to secure the services of Mr. Glover, and no part of the country presents greater claims in point of interest than the one whose claims we now urge. The annexed letters of Dr. Warder and Mr. Buchanan raquire no comments from us:

MR. T. GLOVER-Dear Sir:-Being an ardent student of pomology, I examined with great inter-est your collection of colored casts of fruits. I have never seen any representations of our fruits that were equal to them in beauty and co-rectness, and should consider them of the greatest value to the tree planter and pomologist. When completed, so as to represent all of the fruits of our country, the collection at Washington will be a grand attraction

to our fruit growers.

Having aided, as a committee of the United States Agricultural Society, in recommending the work to their attention as one of great national importance, and well deserving Government support, I was grat-ilied to learn that such aid was voted, to enable you

ilied to learn that such sid was voted, to enable you to continue adding our Western fruits to your collection. So also those of the Southern States. I hope we may also hear that Congress has continued to aid you in this great work, for several seasons must elapse before you can expect to secure them all.

My full concurrence in the resolution adopted by the United States Agricultural Society is still entertained, and, as it is desirable that this work should be completed, it may be well to have the matter again presented to the public. The resolution was as follows:

follows:

Resolved, That this Society considers the collection
of a complete suite of imperishable fac similes of the
various fruits and vegetables of our country a great
desideratum for our national agriculture, and commend the purchase and completion of the collection of Mr. Glover to the favorable consideration of the

Congress of the United States.

JAS. T. WORTHINGTON, Ohio,
L. E. BERCKMANS, New Jersey,
JOHN A WARDER, Ohio,
EDWARD M. RICHARDS, Mass.,

Yours with great regard, JOHN A. WARDER. Cincinnati, January 1858.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 16, 1858. MR. T. GLOVER—Dear Str:—I heartily concur in the views of my friend Dr. Warder, in relation to your beautiful casts of fruits; and sincerely hope that Corgress may aid so useful an adjunct to the pomological branch of the agricultural interest of our country. Respectfully and truly,

R. BUCHANAN. R. BUCHANAN.

CORN HUSKING TRESTLE -We have been making improvements in plowing our land and raising grain, we have had many improvements in raising corn, and not long since there was a machine got up corn, and not long since there was a machine got up for cutting up corn, and next to that a machine for twing the shocks; all very good, but we believe that there is nothing as yet said about a machine for husking shocked corn, so we will say something about that matter. First, we use the same grab hooks that nature has blessed us with, but we favor our back by using a 'ittle bench, which is easily carried along from one shock to another. It is made by putting two pieces of light scantling together, something like a ladder, then putting legs to it of sufficient height, so that when the corn is laid on the bench, a man can stand straight, and if the bench be 6 or 8 feet long, two men can husk at 't as well be 6 or 8 feet long, two men can husk at 't as well as one. The advantages of the bench are these:

1st. A man can stand straight in place of stoop-

ing.
2d. The fodder is not in his way, as he draws it to him and leaves it on the beuch separate from that which is not husked, and is not so likely to leave corn in the fodder.

When the ground is muddy, he keeps his fodder clean and nice.

4th. H: can hu-k more in a day, because he stands straight, and has full use of his arms.

5th. And last, there is no patent on this invention.

A. ALLEN.

that I know of. BOONE Co., DEC., 1857 .- Ohio Cultivater

Pulse of Animals.—The following table, from Vatal, is inserted as a useful remembrancer to the practitioner and amateur veterinarian, &c., &c.:— Table of the number of pulsations in a minute in various animals-The White); ox or cow, 35 to 52 (42 to 45, Clater); ass, 48 to 54; sheep, 70 to 79; goat, 72 to 76; dog, 90 to 100; cat, 110 to 120; rabbit, 120; guinea-pig, 140; duck, 136; hen, 140; heron, 200 .- London Field.

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